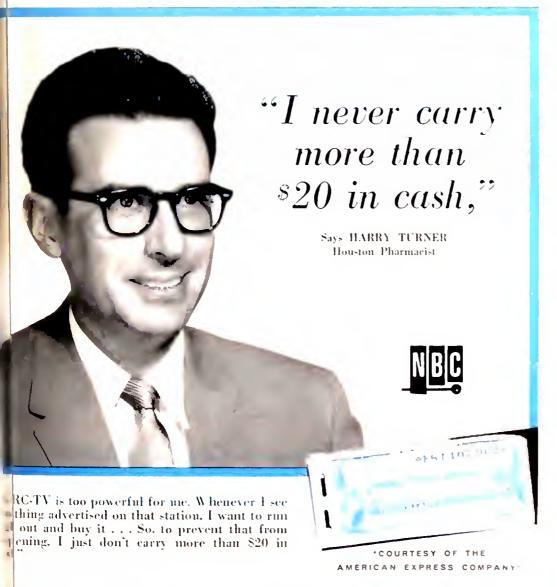
SPONSOR

THE WEEKLY MAGAZINE TV/RADIO ADVERTISERS USE

VER CARRY MORE CASH THAN YOU CAN AFFORD TO SPEND



PRC-TV · CHANNEL 2 HOUSTON, TEXAS

AIR MEDIA'S \$50 BILLION CHALLENGE

Food air spending is leading the field but potential is untouched say the experts—Part I

Page 31

Minneapolis the Midwest's pot of gold

Here's what media people gripe about Page 38

At last! New data on net radio's top 20

Page 44



Don't tell me Roanoke has 420,000 tv families."

We won't. That's the number of tv families in the greater Roanoke *market*, which is bigger than all of us.

"Top 50" buyers ought to scrutinize our market before they leave us off a schedule. Whoa, man, that's negative.

Well, how's this?

Careful buyers who plan to schedules for results get what they plan for with WSLS-TV. With full power of 316-000 watts on Channel 10, a healthy

assist from NBC, strong local programming, and a signal that leaps off a mountain 3934 ft, high, WSLS-TV welds a 58-county area into the greater Roanoke market of 420,000 tv homes.

For more information, listen to Blair Television Associates.

WSLS-TV Channel 10 · NBC Television

Maj Adda Reimsko Va.

The Ones That SERVE Are The Ones That SELL

h DES MOINES... RAPIS and IV



Serves BEST... Sells BEST In DES MOINES.... In this area, most people have learned through years of experience that KRNT and KRNT-TV stand above all others in service to the public, day in and day out. Most people turn to these stations for help and information. During lowa's blizzard of March 5 and 6, worst in the past decade, more Des Moines people chosen at random in an impartial survey of 500 telephone calls made March 6 said they listened for the greatest part of the time to KRNT TOTAL RADIO for storm news and information than all other stations combined!

Another outstanding example of public service occurred when KRNT-TV, in cooperation with the local Medical Society, planned and televised coverage of a "miracle" heart operation. Television made it possible for all Central lowa doctors to benefit from viewing a new "mechanical heart" in actual operation.

Still another public service "tie-in" was with Goodwill Industries of Des Moines. A completely isolated appeal for neckties for re-sale by Goodwill Industries resulted in a landslide of ties to KRNT-TV's dominant emcee personality.

No wonder most people listen to, believe in and depend upon KRNT and KRNT-TV . . . selling lowa because they're serving lowa. In 1958, KRNT-TV presented 5,620 public service announcements; KRNT RADIO presented 5,628.

RADIO and TV

Represented by The KATZ AGENCY



THE WEEKLY MAGAZINE TV/RADIO ADVERTISERS USE

DIGEST OF ARTICLES

Is air getting enough of food budgets?

31 Despite the fact that food products are No. 1 category in radio and ty, some industry figures believe air should get more than it does

Minneapolis: \$50 million bonanza

34 Four giant industries and some top ad agencies make this market a top contributor to broadcast media to the time of some \$25 million a year

Why seat-cover makers need spot radio

37 Three trends make the medium a must: more manufacturers turning to franchise setups, strong female styling interest, year-round campaigns

What do agency media people gripe about?

38 Media chiefs, buyers and researchers summarize their 20 biggest complaints. No. 1 is lack of communication, both inside and outside shops

How imagination cuts tape program costs

40 CBS Films shaves production expenses up to \$12,700-per-episode through use of local-live production methods plus inherent economies of tape

How Folger's Coffee cracked the Chicago market

42 Coffee maker buried competitors under mountain of prime radio, ty time with \$500,000 saturation job, won strong position in a tough market

Top 20 web radio clients

44 Leading skein buyers disclosed by Nielsen. After 2-year hiatus regularly published NRI reports are resumed with new kinds of ligures

SPONSOR ASKS: Is SPONSOR identification as important as some people think?

50 Three admen discuss the validity of the Norman, Craig & Kummel evaluation of a program in terms of the degree of sponsor identification

FEATURES

10 Commercial Commentary

58 Film-Scope

28 49th and Madison

62 News & Idea Wrap-Up

6 Newsmaker of the Week

62 Picture Wrap-Up

52 Radio Basics

60 Sponsor Hears

17 Sponsor-Scope

76 Sponsor Speaks

46 Spot Buys

76 Ten-Second Spots

24 Timebuyers at Work

74 Tv and Radio Newsmakers

57 Washington Week

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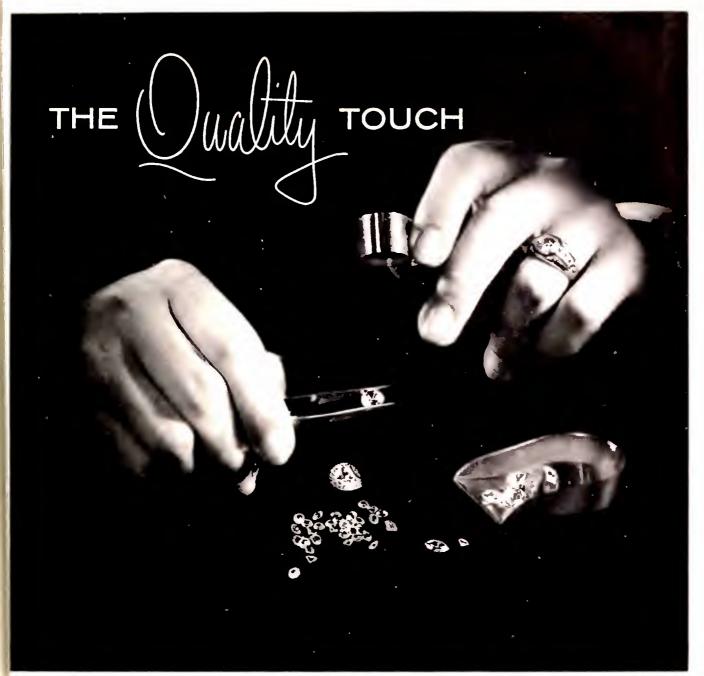
Member of Business Publications Audit of Circulations Inc.



SPONSOR PUBLICATIONS INC.

combined with TV. Executive, Editorial, Circulation and Advertising Offices: 40 E. 49th St. (49 & Madison) New York 17, N. Y. Telephone: MUrray Hill 8-2772. Chicago Office: 612 N. Michigan Ave. Phone: SUperior 7-9863. Birmingham Office: Town House, Birmingham. Phone; FAirfax 4-6529. Los Angeles Office: 6087 Sunset Boulevard. Phone: HOllywood 4-8089. Printing Office: 3110 Elm Ave., Baltimore 11, Md. Subscriptions: U.S. \$8 a year. Canada & other Western Hemisphere Countries \$9 a year. Other Foreign Countries \$11 per year. Single copies 40c. Printed in U.S.A. Address all correspondence to 40 E. 49th St., N. Y. 17, N. Y. MUrray Hill 8-2772. Published weekly by SPON-SOR Publications Inc. 2nd class postage paid at Baltimore, Md.

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Diamonds courtesy Everts Jewelers, Dollars

Blue white and perfect . . . prized possession among those who cherish QUALITY.

Sought after and valued, too, are radio and television stations which possess a "quality touch" so important to any successful campaign.



BROADCAST SERVICES OF THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS # EDWARD PETRY & CO., NATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES

PONSOR • 23 MAY 1959

Before you finish reading another will

die needlessly!

What WGN Radio is doing about it!



Over one hundred people every day are killed on our nation's highways. A death rate so alarming—that it has become one of the most pressing problems confronting our country. Top priority has been given to the President's highway program. Numerous road improvements have been enacted by the states. Police patrol has been extended to the maximum. But still the needless slaughter goes on!

In line with doing something to stem this terrible tide—WGN Radio conceived and instituted "Signal Ten"—a documentary radio program taken from on-the-spot tape recordings of State Police work. Intense—instructive—penetrating—"Signal Ten" dramatically portrays traffic violations and their impending dangers as they actually occur.

And WGN Radio pinpointed the problem further by taking its own survey of traffic conditions before selecting the target areas for its programming. Then to broaden the scope of this much needed safety service, WGN Radio made "Signal Ten" available to 17 other midwestern radio stations.

It is for this kind of sustained public service that WGN Radio was chosen as the only radio station over 1000 watts, to receive the coveted Alfred P. Sloan Award for promoting highway safety.

This, we believe, is an outstanding example of how WGN Radio is fulfilling its dedicated purpose of "Serving all Chicagoland" better.



The greatest sound in radio
441 North Michigan Ave. • Chicago 11, Illinois

IN SOUTH GEORGIA
AND
NORTHWEST FLORIDA .

A NEW MARKET

since Mar. 19th!

WALB-TV's new 1,000 FOOT* TOWER

has almost doubled the effective WALB-TV market in this area!

*(Talles) in South Georgia and North Florida)

 GRADE B POPULATION NOW IS:

730,600

 GRADE B TV HOMES NOW ARE:

126,200

Write for new coverage map!

ALBANY, GA. CHANNEL 10

WALB-TV







Raymond E. Carow, General Manager
Represented nationally by
Venard, Rintoul & McConnell, Inc.
In the South by James S. Ayers Co.
One Rate Card



NEWSMAKER of the week

A major move to attract new spot radio business has been taken by John Blair & Co. in setting up a Creative and Marketing Services Division. Heading the new operation will be Clifford J. Barborka, Jr., now head of the Chicago office

The newsmaker: When a business sets up a new operation, the function is usually more important than the man. With Cliff Barborka, it is probably the other way around. The reputation preceding him to New York is something awesome. John Blair himself calls Barborka "the most creative salesman I've ever met." In 2½ years Barborka has doubled Blair's Chicago billings in radio.

Barborka is credited with pulling off some memorable media switches among Chicago accounts. Among them are Flako and at least three Leo Burnett products—Marlboro, Philip Morris and the

Tea Council. As the result of his putting his mind to work on the latter account, the Council began alternating spot tv in the winter with spot radio in the summer.

Spot radio has happily benefitted from Barborka's "radio spectacular" theories. Which is another way of saying that his major proposition is saturation.

One example of his ideas is shown in this recent pitch: that the agency buy an announcement every hour from 6 a.m. to mid-



Clifford J. Barborka, Jr.

night seven days a week. To keep the cost down, L.D.'s were alternated with minutes. It was estimated the client could reach three-quarters of the radio homes in each market in a week on one station with this approach (and, of course, about every radio home listening to the station).

Taking Barborka's place in Chicago will be Thomas C. Harrison, who was head of the St. Louis office when he resigned to follow Robert Eastman to ABC Radio in 1957. Harrison returned to Blair early this year and has gotten his stripes as a result of the new appointment. Replacing Harrison will be Albert C. Long, who has been directing a four-man Sales Development Dept. These four, together with Esther Rauch of Blair's Chicago staff—who is also coming east

will comprise the new division under Barborka. In addition, Barborka will be backstopped by research director Ward Dorrell and Blair's new radio research specialist. Robert Galen.

Barborka is one of those dedicated men who works every night and weekends, too. He is 35, married and has two children. His wife sings professionally under the name Melva Niles.

Any Way You Look At It . . . **WSAV** reaches more people JESUF WSAV-Savannah Take a good look at the Savannah Retail Trading Area Pulse! WSAV has complete audience domination in all of the important peak listening periods -6:00 to 10:00 AM and 4:00 to 7:00 PM. (Periods surveyed: 6 AM to 7 PM). For instance, here are the ratings for the breakfast hours: . . . and, in the late afternoon:

	STATION	7:00 AM	7:15 AM	7:30 AM	7:45 AM	8:00 AM	8:15 AM
	WSAV	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.1	6.5	5.6
	ATION "A"	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
	ATION "B"	.8	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8
	ATION "C"	2.7	3.4	4.1	4.3	4.6	4.7
-	ATION "D"	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1
	ATION "E"	4.2	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.6	5.3

STATION	4:30 PM	4:45 PM	5:00 PM	5:15 PM	5:30 PM	5:45 PN
WSAV	4.7	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.2
STATION "A"	.8	.7	.5	.5	.6	.5
STATION B	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.7
STATION "C"	3.4	3.1	3.1	2.5	(off)	foff
STATION "D"	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.8
STATION "E"	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.3	3.9	4.2

The PULSE proves it . . . the NIELSEN proves it . . . WSAV REACHES MORE PEOPLE AT A LOWER PER-PERSON COST THAN ANY OTHER SAVANNAH MEDIUM



630 kc. 5,000 watts Full Time



eastman

Southeastern Representative—James S. Ayers



KPLR-TV Designed, equipped, staffed and programmed with the catalyst of exciting television—Imagination!

DEO CITY STUDIOS:

The main stage is augmented by 16 new concept studios . . . ice rink . . . swimming pool...hydraulic stage... both mobile and studio video tape.

Dedicated to serving the agency and advertiser in the entertainment center of the Mid-west.

CHANNEL



KPLR • TV VIDEO CITY

THE CHASE • PARK PLAZA HOTELS • ST. LOUIS 8, MISSOURI

HAROLD KOPLAR . PRESIDENT JAMES L. CADDICAN . VICE PRESIDENT JAMES GOLDSMITH . SALES MANAGER

MIDWEST

	WEST		
KBOI-TV	Boise	2	CBS
KBTV	Denver	9	ABC
KGMB-TV	Honolulu	9	CBS
KMAU-KH			
KTLA	Los Angeles	5	IND
KRON-TV	San Francisco	4	NBC
KIRO-TV	Seattle-Tacoma	7	CBS

WHO:TV	Des Moines	13	NBC
WOC-TV	Davenport	6	NBC
WDSM-TV	Duluth-Superior	6	NBC-ABC
WDAY-TV	Fargo	6	NBC-ABC
KMBC-TV	Kansas City	9	ABC
WISC-TV	Madison, Wisc.	3	CBS
WCCO-TV	Minneapolis-		
	St. Paul	4	CBS
WMBD-TV	Peoria	31	CBS
* KPLR-TV	St. Louis	11	IND

	EASI		
WBZ-TV	Boston	4	NBC
WGR-TV	Buffalo	2	NBC
KYW-TV	Cleveland	3	NBC
WWJ-TV	Detroit	4	NBC
WJIM-TV	Lansing	6	CBS
WPIX	New York	11	IND
KDKA-TV	Pittsburgh	2	CBS
WROC-TV	Rochester, N.	Y. 5	NBC
WTTG	Wash., D. C.	5	INO



KFOM-TV Beaumont KRIS-TV Corpus Chri 6 CBS KRIS-TV Corpus Christi 6 NBC WBAP-TV Fort Worth-

Dallas KENS-TV San Antonio 5 CBS

SOUTHEAST

13 ABC WLOS-TV Asheville-Greenville-Spartanburg

WCSC-TV Charleston, S. C. 5 CBS WIS-TV Columbia, S. C. 10 NBC WSVA-TV Harrisonburg, Va. 3 ALL 12 NBC WFGA-TV Jacksonville CBS Miami WDBJ-TV Roanoke



The Colonel greets Mr. Indy

KPLR-TV HAS JOINED THESE FINE STATIONS REPRESENTED BY...

PETERS, GRIFFIN, WOODWARD, INC.

NEW YORK CHICAGO HOLLYWOOD DETROIT ATLANTA DALLAS FT. WORTH SAN FRANCISCO



Commercial commentary

Westinghouse, drugs and Mr. Cole

With this issue Commercial Commentary becomes officially one year old and I'd like to take this 26th column to clean up various oddments which I haven't managed to squeeze into print during the past 12 months.



One, the Westinghouse Stance, is fascinating but purely frivolous, Another, some further ideas on ty drug advertising, has a more somber tim-

bre. And the third is a much belated reply to a critic. Mr. Leonard Cole of Roxbury. Mass, whose letter has been bothering me ever since last November.

On the lighter side, I have been tickled to discover this past year that tv, though still a brawling, turbulent youngster, is fast developing its own rigid, formal, almost classical patterns of advertising behavior.

As proof, I give you the Westinghouse Stance, pioneered by Betty Furness, and now absolutely *de rigeur* for all lady salesmen who peddle refrigerators via the video medium.

With the Westinghouse Stance, you assume a position approximately 1012" from the southwest, or handle, corner of the ice box. Place your right heel firmly against your left instep, Point your right toe outward at an angle of 45 degrees. Now—suck in the diaphragm, throw out your chest, raise your chin one inch higher than normal—and start selling, sister.

For severely stylized, restrained Leauty the Westinghouse Stance rivals anything ever seen in ballet. Its purity of posture and simplicity of form is positively, and I mean positively. Grecian.

No son, that lady is not going to sing an aria or address the Woman's Club of Monclair. It is just Julia Meade going into her pitch for the refrigerators of the American gas industry. Isn't it wonderful that we're developing such stern ty traditions?

The six and the 80%

Switching quickly to another subject, I think it is something less than wonderful that we still have on the air so many offensive ty commercials and I would like to toss in a few statistics which I have been brooding about recently.

In my experience at least 75% of all public criticism of *specific* to commercials is directed against those of the drug industry.

This industry, despite its power to irritate, represents considerably less than 10% of all ty advertising. Yet I think it is fair to say that all ty is being blamed for its transgressions.

Strangely enough, it is an industry dominated by a few big companies. Six of these American Home (Whitehall), Bristol Myers, Sterling, Miles, Warner-Lambert, and Pharmacenticals. Inc.—account for more than 80% of all ty drug advertising expenditures.

Last year these six companies spent a combined total of over \$82

now



JACKSON, MISS., now

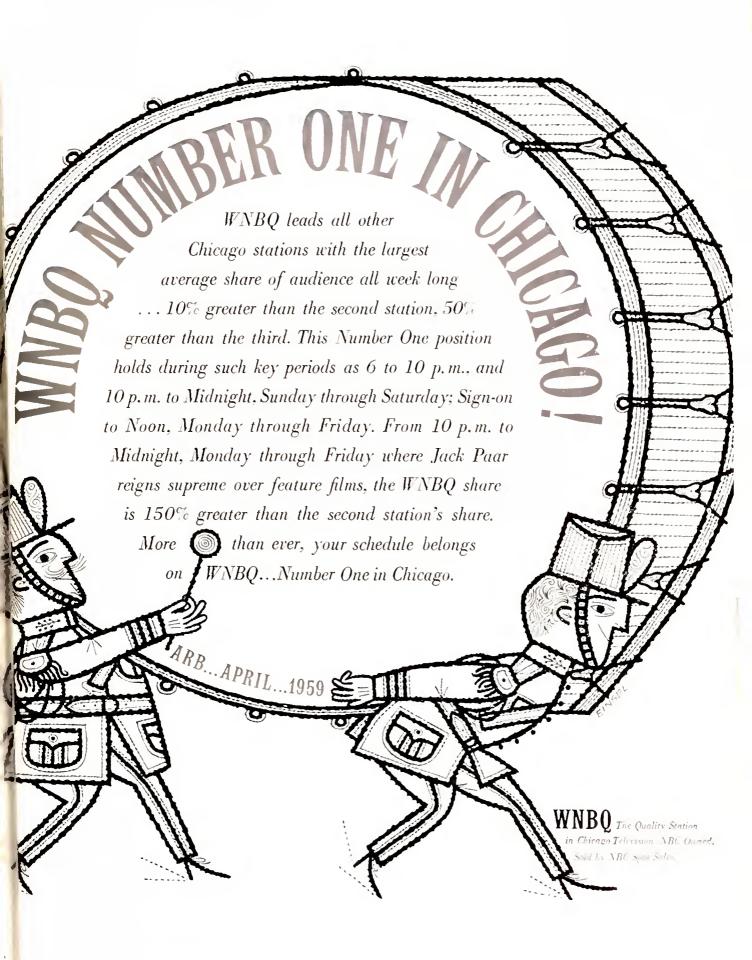
TV homes

The nation's leader in business gain

served by its two television stations...

WLBT
Hollingbery3
WJTV

Katz 12



summer radio goes where



the family goes



You're traveling "right" with SPOT RADIO in your summer media plans.

Reach people—wherever they are, at home or on vacation—with SPOT RADIO.

SPONSORED BY MEMBER FIRMS OF



Avery-Knodel Inc. — John Blair & Company — Broadcast Time Sales
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Peters, Griffin, Woodward, Inc. — William J. Renty, Inc.
Radio-TV Representatives Inc. — Weed Radio Corporation — Adam Young Inc.

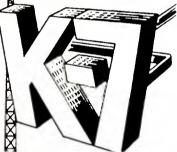
MAY IS NATIONAL RADIO MONTH



FAMOUS
BRANDS
OF TEXAS

Called "Little Snake" by many this is the brand of the furn us million-sure King Ranch. The King Ranch is responsible for many of the scientific advance in the cattle industry.

ANOTHER FAMOUS BRAND OF THE TEXAS PANHANDLE



K-7 is putting its brand on a growing number of TV sets in this oil-cattle-industrial-agricultural rich area. The Jan.-Feb. ARB showed K-7 with 30.6% of the audience 6:00 PM to midnight, K-7 was first in total rating points three nights of the week... with four of the top ten shows! Ask your Bolling man for the amazing, complete story



KVII-TV

amarillo, texas million in tv network and spot. Each invested more than 10 million in tv advertising in 1958. (TvB figures)

It is just not true, as I once half-believed, that patent medicines are made and marketed by dingy little men working furtively in dark garrets in places like East Cicero and South Newark. These are giant corporations.

But I suggest that there is something terribly wrong with the structure of the drug industry when companies like these are so consistently criticized for bad taste, bad manners, and outrageous ty claims.

A plug for St. Paul

We come now to Mr. Leonard Cole of Paramount Baking Corp., Roxbury, Mass. Last fall, in a column discussing advertising creativeness, I said I doubted whether the professors and social scientists could offer much practical help on this subject and that, despite all their learned Ph.D. theses, the most authoritative textbook on creativity is still the Bible.

Apparently my remarks greatly upset Mr. Cole. He wrote, in part. "... anyone who is afraid of having his work analyzed or ... understood by a scientific mind: anyone who would have the stupidity of concluding blindly that a social scientist cannot understand his field of endeavor: anyone that even suggests reverting to the Bible—not for faith but to explain: anybody who does this is just admitting his own deceit."

Those are harsh words. Mr. Cole, and what disturbed me most about them was that obviously I hadn't expressed myself very well. Otherwise you wouldn't have accused me of "concluding blindly" even though you couldn't agree with me.

Let me see if I can explain to you why, in almost 30 years of experience in working with creative people. I have come to believe that St. Paul is a more reliable guide than Sigmund Frend or any other social scientist, and why, in the truest sense, he is more scientific.

I have learned that the worst thing that can happen to a creative writer in any field is to become too preoccupied with the motivational theories and formulas of the psychologists. It almost always kills his creative spark.

This is a fact insufficiently understood by people like Vance Packard and Dr. Robert MacCracken of New York's Riverside Church, who worry so much about the "hidden persuasiveness" in the ad business.

What they fail to realize is that once you begin to regard people as robots to be manipulated by psychological rules, you begin to lose your own powers of communication, hevitably, your work takes on overtones of contempt and superiority which do not escape your readers or viewers.

True creative communication requires. I'm convinced, both affection and respect for your audience. I am sure St. Paul had more than this in mind in his First Epistle to Corinthians. But what he wrote applies perfectly to the creative problem:

"Through I speak with the tongues of men and of angels . . . though I understand all mysteries and have the gift of prophecy . . . without love I am nothing."

No. Mr. Cole. I do not think that the Bible is valuable only for a vague, fuzzy-shaped thing called faith.—I have found it also a gold mine of explanations.

Now Available!

NARRATING





A NEW AND EXCITING RADIO SERIES OF 150 ODDITIES . . . UNEXPLAINED SCIENTIFIC AND HISTORICAL OCCURRENCES

Frank Edwards, one of the nation's favorite news commentators and a top audience gatherer, has compiled this fascinating series of fully documented stories. Available in the form of 15 minute programs. these incredible tales are based on his widely-discussed book. "Strangest Of All."

Here is a program with wide audience appeal. and you will find that listeners to "Stranger Than Science" are loyal. The series is a panorama of the incredible, told with the skill and showmanship that have long enabled Frank Edwards to become a surefire rating leader wherever he is heard. An incomparable storyteller. Frank Edwards and his "Stranger Than Science" series will sell products for you, just as they are doing for these and many other stations!

WFBM Indianapolis • WOWO Fort Wayne WSB Atlanta • WGTO Cypress Gordens, Florida WKZO Kolomazoo • WNDU Sauth Bend

FANTASTIC YET FACTUAL!

AND HERE ARE JUST A FEW OF THE MANY FASCINATING STORIES IN THIS NEW SERIES

WHO REALLY KILLED ABRAHAM LINCOLN? Five persons paid

THE DESERT DREADNAUGHT —un que amo q America e varships was the Wateree, far she faught her any bottle all ary land, mins

THE MODERN JONAH — is it passible for a man to be swellowed by a whale and verta tell the stary? The lagical answer is not, but

INCREDIBLE FOSSILS—documented evidence that ruman beings yed an earth in the days of the diposours

ved an earth in the days of the diseases.

THE MARE SOLVES THE MYSTERY

The man de to show you go do not comped the fields and farests in search at the missing which, but it remained far an old harse numbreds of miles away in solve the

THE DEVIL'S FOOTPRINTS— a armed clarify patrolled the countryside where samething had left attended the country of the country

TREASURES OF OAK ISLAND—electron distriction is to be some are tons of gold on Oak Island—pairs for the sax of Bus 2011

THE DREAM THAT SHOOK THE WORLD - and of the greatest the haps of a time was the result of a drialli

Produced by

G. A. RUBEN PRODUCTIONS, INC.

AN AUDITION TAPE WILL BE FURNISHED UPON REQUEST, ALONG WITH COMPLETE RATE INFORMATION



POWERFUL MERCHANDISING AID AVAILABLE

anger Than Science affers a

For complete information call, wire or write

STUART

LAFAYETTE STREET, NEW YORK 12, NEW YORK . TELEPHONE: CANAL 6-3528

Distributed in Canada and the British Commonwealth by

ALL-CANADA RADIO & TELEVISION, LTD. . 80 Richmond Street, West Toronto. Canada

Never forget, son ...

Lancaster

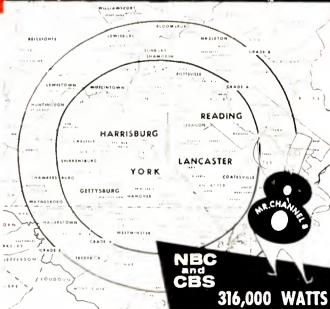
Harrisburg

York

is ONE TV market
when you use

WGAL-TV

AMERICA'S 10th TV MARKET

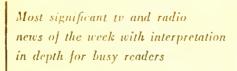


WGALTY

CHANNEL 8
LANCASTER, PA.
NBC and CBS

STEINMAN STATION · Clair McCollough, Pres.

The MEEKER Company Inc. . New York . Chicago . Los Angeles . San Francisco





23 MAY 1959
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SPONSOR
PUBLICATIONS INC.

SPONSOR-SCOPE

Y&R is recommending to General Foods that it renew its daytime commitments with ABC TV pretty much on the same basis as last season.

Y&R gave ABC its big daytime shove last fall by bringing in GF and six other accounts. All except Bristol-Myers are still on tap, though General Foods cut back its schedule somewhat at the end of 26 weeks.

Emphasized in the Y&R recommendation: ABC TV has been altering and strengthening its daytime programing and has moved up steadily in shares of audiences during most of the afternoon.

General Foods also has before it a recommendation concerning spot radio.

Broadly, the plan calls for the placement on long-term contracts of clusters of one-minnte aunonucements morning, mid-day, and afternoon—each cluster to be set in a specific program pattern.

The pattern: A minute of music, a GF commercial, three minutes of music, a GF commercial, three minutes of music, a GF commercial, and a minute of music.

-

Pacquin Hand Creams (Esty) will put some of its tv money into network daytime. NBC TV is the likely winner.

The product has been exclusively spot for years.

Nabisco (K&E, McCann-Erickson) has given indications that it's about ready to pull out of Rin Tin Tin (ABC TV) and put the money into spot tv.

The account figures it's had the maximum value out of the property.

Listerine will drop spot to for spot radio ducing the summer months this year, if the client picks up a recommendation by Lambert & Feasley.

Listerine hasn't been in radio for over two years.

Spot radio also will benefit this summer via another L&F recommendation: That Phillips Petrolenin go in for a schedule of minutes in radio in addition to its present in spot tv.

If the sellers of spot ty want to take to heart what agency media buyers are saying about fall plans, it might be wise for the medium to get busy with a promotional campaign to reaffirm the value of 20-second spots and LD.s.

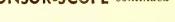
Otherwise—if minutes can't be had on the first or second stations in a market—the agency will turn to the lowest station for such units, rather than take to seconds or I.D.s.

Apparently, the creative department is in command of the situation. It contends that the length of time it takes to get over the product's message effectively should outweigh any appraisal of media values.

Meanwhile some reps are suggesting to their stations that they (1) raise the minute rate. (2) give thought to establishing a 30-second rate, and (3) eliminate packages in all but prime time.

SPONSOR • 23 MAY 1959 17

SPONSOR-SCOPE continued



New national spot tv business showed up mainly in Chicago last week.

Toni expanded its market list to 60—figuring on a minimum of 100 rating points per week in each—and Coco-Wheats (E. H. Weiss) is looking over children's show participations in 30 markets, especially the West Coast.

P&G's Mr. Clean (Tatham-Laird) is headed for fast expansion after the agency has completed gathering the latest competitive information on the other liquid all-purpose cleaners.

Watch for more major reps to step up their emphasis on sales development in the radio area. A move of broad dimensions in that direction will be announced by one of the leaders in the field next week.

Meantime for a pertinent development along the same lines, see details of the appointment of Clifford Barborka, Jr., as Blair's radio creative and marketing services director in Newsmaker of the Week, page 6.

As an example of how much depth can be given to air media research alone in an agency, take Ted Bates which maintains five different groups in that field.

They are: (1) station coverage, (2) ratings, (3) commercial testing in Jamaica, L. I., (4) competitive expenditures, and (5) field studies.

Incidentally, Bates, perhaps because it operates only two offices (New York and Hollywood), is able to show an unusually large ratio of billings per employee. The average large agency figures \$100,000 in billings per employee. At Bates, where 800 are employed, the ratio is \$125,000.

Here's a rundown of the latest shares of market for the leading national packaged detergents by types:

General purpose solids: Tide (P&G), 20%: Cheer (P&G), 9%; Fab (Colgate), 5%. Low suds: all (Lever), 5%; Ad (Colgate), 2%.

Liquids: Lux (Lever), 5%; Wisk (Lever), 4%; Joy (P&G), 4%; Ivory (P&G) in 18 out of 30 districts, 4%.

Total share represented by these brands: 58%.

What will probably serve as the next springboard for an advertising to-do in the detergent field is the inclusion of germistads (germicidal agent).

One of the soap giants apparently is quietly testing the additive in one of its liquid brands.

Probable purpose: To prevent infection in those cases where skins crack from loss of oil.

The dog food field continues to be a rich source of money for spot.

Several months after Red Heart (John W. Shaw) found spot radio quite successful in moving merchandise, Armour's Dash (FCB) and Wilson's Ideal (K&E) are coming into the same medium.

- Dash will hit the major markets for 20 weeks.
- Ideal will undertake a campaign in scattered markets for a starter.

Spot radio probably will be hearing in due time from Wilson on behalf of still another brand-Robust, which was introduced only last week. Robust is priced lower than Ideal, so it's an easy guess that the copy will emphasize the economy angle.

Merchandising note: Wilson hopes to dominate the dog food shelf in supermarkets with its new labeling device. It offers three different cut-out displays: a dog's head, a long dog, and a short dog.

SPONSOR-SCOPE continued

With the bulk of the nighttime brying for the fall out of the way and selling now down to short strokes, the competition among the ty networks has started to take on heat plus a touch of bitterness.

Rating potential has become just one of the considerations. Also important in tipping the balance are such factors as discount position, coverage, delivery, and superior cost-per-1,000.

For example, here's how importantly the discount factor figured in one sale last week:

After prolonged argument within the agency as to which would make the best choice among available shows on the three networks, somebody noted that about \$50,000 more could be had in discounts on one network as compared to the other two. So the client voted for the deal (involving around \$2.5 million) with the most favorable discount.

-

There's a curious sidelight on network to for the fall: Ontside of Chase & Samborn, there isn't a newcomer account in the regular nighttime fold.

Network sales development people point out two reasons why, in their opinion, this is so:

- 1) The networks concentrate their selling power first on the types of advertisers that have become the bulwark of the air media; only after that do they work over potentials like insurance companies, textiles, and travel.
- 2) There isn't enough consistent handholding of secondary network prospects by either the networks themselves or industry promotional forces.

Agency men on a planning level have this comment: Because of the nature of the medium and the sums involved, the wooing of the non-traditional tv advertisers should start a year before any decision can be expected. That type of advertiser needs lots of time to get rolling.

The 1960 Olympics are being offered for sponsorship by NBC Radio.

Price asked for a package of 108 five-minute segments covering interviews, results, and what-not: \$133,000.

The winter games will be held in California and the summer events in Australia.

-

Chalk up Hills Bros. coffee as the first buyer—at least for next season—of a split network from NBC TV.

It will have the western leg of the Bat Masterson lineup. The major partner is Sealtest. N. W. Ayer is the agency for both accounts.



NBC TV apparently will use the Sunday 8-9 p.m. period as well as Friday 8:30 to 9:30 for specials this fall.

It's sold the Sunday hour to Equitable Life Assurance (FCB) for six biographical dramatic shows and is proceeding on the assumption that there will be enough demand for seasonal one-shotters to keep the spot filled at least until Christmas.

According to the latest count, the cigarettes will have around 60 nighttime commercial minutes a week going for them on the networks in fall. On the basis of \$35,000 per commercial minute, the cost per week in time and talent thus will total \$2.1 million.

R. J. Reynolds (Esty) appears set for next season with eight shows, which type-wise hreak down as follows: three westerns, two mysteries, and one each of audience participation, anthology, and science fiction. Total weekly commercial minutes: 14.

Liggett & Myers (predominantly McCann-Erickson) has three westerns and three adventure shows set. It probably will pick up a couple more, making 16 commercial minutes.

American Tobacco will have four shows, adding up to 2½ hours a week.

sponsor ◆ 23 may 1959

SPONSOR-SCOPE continued

Here's one for the books: A client taking advantage of an appearance at a broadcasters' meet to make a pitch for his own products and distribute samples.

It happened at the Pennsylvania Broadcasters Assn. gathering last week.

Stanley Pulver, Colgate's toiletries media director, wound up a talk on radio by doing a commercial on Colgate toothpaste and handling out samples.

What was tantamount to a command appearance brought hundreds of stationmen plus reps to Holyoke this week to help Lestoil celebrate its 25th anniversary and its increase in plant capacity.

The tv attendees learned among other things that Adell Chemical is introducing a dry bleach, Lescare, in June or July.

Seven-Up (JWT, Chicago) won't crank up its own network tv show until after the first of the year.

In the meantime it will go in for "blitz" fights, buying into several network tv programs and using added pressure via spot radio.

It's been a pretty active fall selling week for both ABC TV and NBC TV.

ABC TV's big one was the wrapping up with Liggett & Myers (McCann-Erickson) orders for Black Saddle. The Rebel. Adventures in Paradise, the Alaskans, and the Untouchables—adding-up to three and a half hours of time a week.

Among the NBC sales: Sterling, alternate sponsorship of M Squad and Arthur Murray; Pharmacenticals, alternate of Groucho Marx and It Could Be You, weekly.

NBC Radio has teed off on the theme of how an advertiser can dominate the network with the expenditure of \$63,000 a week.

This power-play entails a parley of News Around the Clock, Stardust, and Monitor. For the \$63,000 an advertiser would be on the network every half-hour seven days a week. The package would contain 56 one-minute announcements and 56 thirty-second announcements per week. Pharma-Craft (JWT) seems interested.

Dick Moore, head of KTTV, L.A., apparently has set out to prove that a half hour of nothing but commercials can hold an audience as well as a half hour of entertainment.

The test: Starting 11 June, he'll run a weekly half-hour (6:30-7 p.m.) of nothing but consecutive film commercials for 13 weeks. The cost to advertisers: nothing.

Curious sidelight: Moore has recruited his rep, Blair, to lend him a hand by soliciting New York agencies for commercial they'd like run gratis.

The surge of advertisers toward teledocumentaries of the public affairs stripe and the prestige dramatic program with a factual background may presage, Madison Avenue pundits feel, a new era for the television special.

They feel that the non-regular user of network to will think of the special not merely as a promotional spearhead that delivers sales but as a vehicle of great informative impact resulting in goodwill and a public-service image.

Millions of viewers would discover something that had been there all the time Sunday afternoons - but without spousors.

For other news coverage in this issue, see Newsmaker of the Week, page 6: Spot Brys, page 46; News and Idea Wrap-Up, page 62; Washington Week, page 57: sponsor Hears, page 60; Tv and Radio Newsmakers, page 74; and Film-Scope, page 58.

From the Very Beginning These Men Have Been Top Rated



CARL AKERS

Denver's #1 Newscaster

STARR YELLAND

Denver's #1 Sportscaster

DICK BECKER

Denver's #1 Weatherman

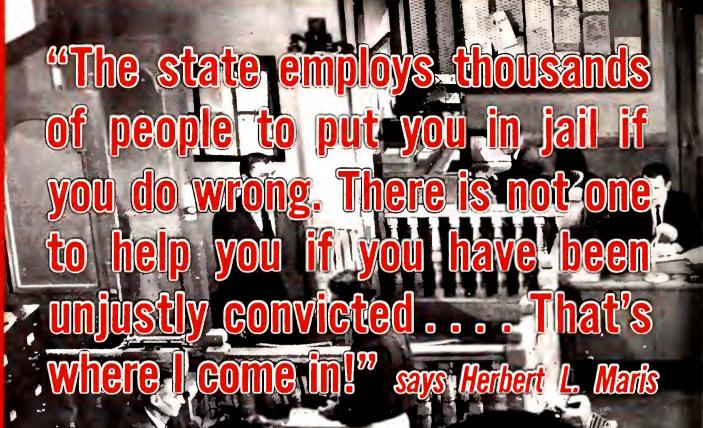
Patrick AHE and Northern Enterior



KLZ

Chamel

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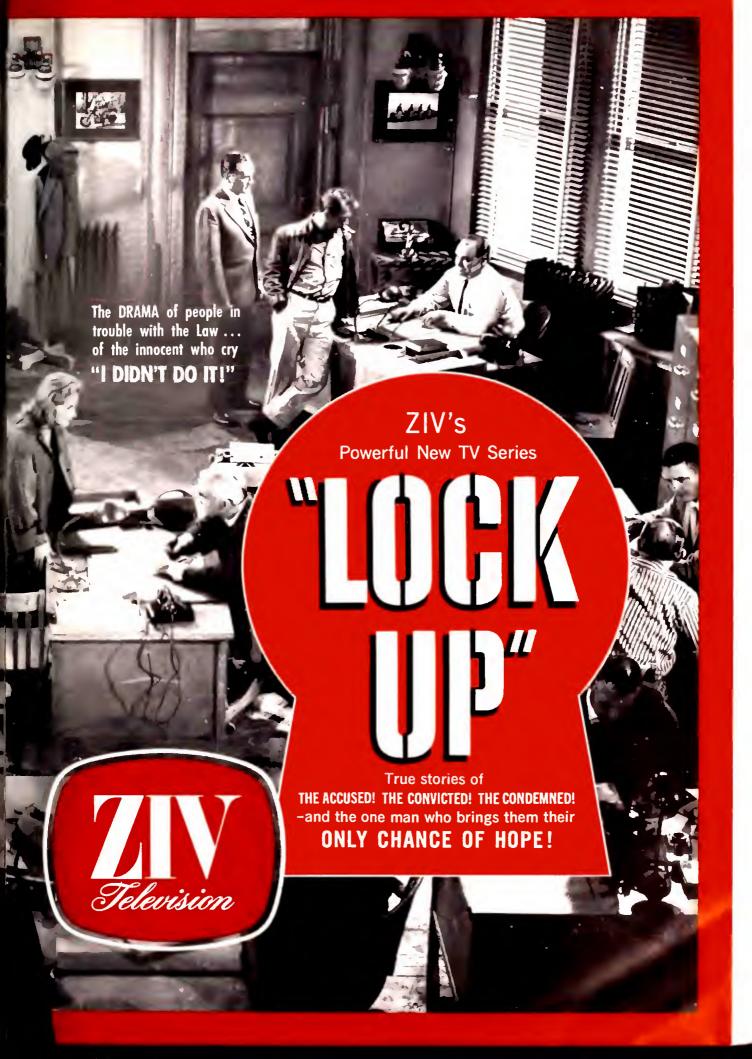


MACDONALD CAREY

stars as HERBERT L. MARIS

the successful corporation lawyer who risks his reputation and life to see that JUSTICE IS DONE!

"READER'S DIGEST" says . . . "He has saved more than 300 persons from wrong or unfair sentences—a dozen from life sentences which should not have been imposed!"





RESULTS ARE **2** to | IN KPOS

CAPTIVE MARKET

SURROUNDED BY MOUNTAIN PEAKS AND ISOLATED FROM BOTH SEATTLE AND SPOKANE, WASHINGTON'S 12 INLAND COUNTIES ARE TRULY A CAPTIVE MARKET!

KPQ GETS RESULTS . .

2 TO 1

HOW DO YOU LIKE THOSE APPLES?

BACK OUR CLAIMS WE'LL WITH MONEY WHERE OUR MOUTHS ARE!



5000 W 560 KC

WENATCHEE, WASHINGTON

Portland & Seattle Rens Art Moore & Associates O

> Notional Reps. Weed & Ca.

Eduyers

Paul Roth, Benton & Bowles, Inc., New York, thinks that it's encouraging that a growing number of agencies are refusing to place their ty commercials in triple-spotting positions, or on stations guilty of excessive commercial practices. "There is, of course, a selfish motive in protecting your own commercials from over-commercializa-

tion." Paul says. "But it still takes courage to sacrifice apparent rating points in a triple spot in favor of one's own judgment as to the values of a relatively isolated position." Paul points out that most stations interpret the NAB Code honestly and straightforwardly, and conform to its good intentions. On the other hand, he says, there are stations whose interpretation makes the Code look ineffective to agencies. Because it is not specifi-



cally prohibited under certain conditions, they interpret the code to permit 10 or 12 announcements per 30-minutes. "We feel it is just as important to police stations for triple spotting as it is to review ratings, and the Broadcast Advertiser Reports recently confirmed our success in enforcing the no-triple-spotting rule for our commercials."

Joe Gans, president, Joe Gans & Co., Inc., thinks that more out-oftown station managers should visit New York and make the rounds of the agencies on a regularly scheduled basis. "Not being able to find time, like everyone else, to make as many field trips as I would



like. I always welcome the station manager at my office. Buyers and a.e.'s who feel it is a waste of time talking to the station manager should wake up. The manager who lives, works and plays in his market can pass along information you simply can't get from ratings and sales reports." Joe feels that the manager's cooperation and enthusiasm can add a big plus to the success of a campaign in his market. More often than not, he has some good availabilities or workable ideas in his "back pocket"

that even his rep didn't know about, he says. Also, his contacts at the retail level are generally helpful. "I would rather do business with a station man I know than buy by the book. This personal relationship has been very successful for me and my clients in spot buying."

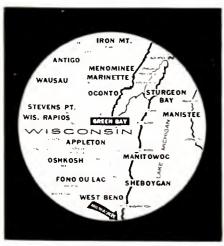




LIKE FATHER...LIKE SON?... in the Land of Milk and Honey?

Not on your life! In the past 30 years, the Wisconsin "Hayseed" has made way for the well-educated, well-heeled, well-dressed business man whose profession is farming.

It's storybook stuff, this market of ours! . . . scores of small cities and thousands of big dairy farms – 400,000 TV families.







are the odds? Now...the fascinating real experiences of people who have beaten The Law of Averages becomes one of the most intriguing human-interest shows ever presented on TV... for 1st Run Syndication!

39 FILMS AVAILABLE

chance... that mysterious

force that often predetermines life or death, success or failure...has irresistible

human appeal. Now it becomes
the basis for a completely new
kind of television series. "WHAT
ARE THE ODDS?" takes you on
a personal visit to people...
many of them famous personalities

in the fields of art, literature, science, entertainment... who have in their individual ways beaten the odds to achieve special distinction or survive disaster. Bob Warren, well-known to radio and TV audiences, acts as host to each remarkable guest in an intimate informal interview. "WHAT ARE THE ODDS?" offers your sponsors a completely fresh, compelling show with strong human interest. The facts in this informative show are authenticated by the Encyclopedia Britannica.

What are the odds

- OF YOUR BEING CAUGHT IN A CASE OF MISTAKEN IDENTITY?
- OF YOUR CHILD EARNING A MILLION DOLLARS BEFORE THE AGE OF TEN?
- OF A WOMAN RUNNING FOR PRESIDENT?
- OF WINNING A MISS AMERICA TITLE?
- OF SURVIVING AN AIRPLANE CRASH?
- OF AN EX-CONVICT BECOMING PRESIDENT OF A WORLD-WIDE COMPANY?
- OF AN IMMIGRANT REACHING THE RANK OF AMERICAN ADMIRAL?
- OF YOUR CHILD BEING BORN A GENIUS?
- OF YOUR BEING INVOLVED IN A DISASTER FIRE?
- OF A COUNTRY'S LEADER BEING ASSASSINATED?









These are just a few of the provocative questions asked and answered on "WHAT ARE THE ODDS?" featuring such famed odds-

beating guests as:

JACKIE COOGAN

JAYNE MANSFIELD

EVELYN RUDY

ALDOUS HUXLEY
SIDNEY SKOLSKY

CAESAR ROMERO
PAPPY BOYINGTON
GOVERNOR PAT BROWN

ADMIRAL WILLIAM MAXWELL
JERRY WALD

LAURITZ MELCHIOR

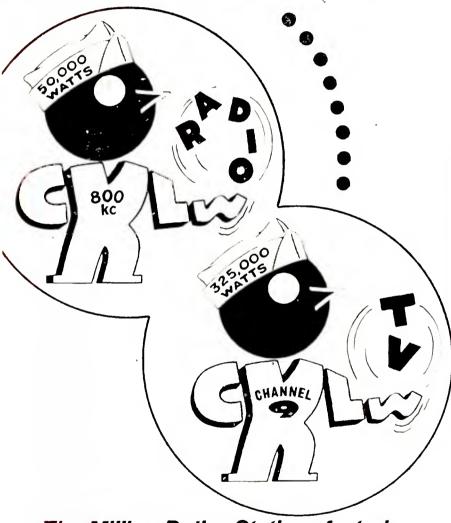


NEW YORK OFFICE: 25 WEST 45th STREET, NEW YORK 36, N Yo





The Only Full Power TWINS in the **Market!**



The Million Dollar Stations featuring Million Dollar Music on CKLW Radio Million Dollar Movies on CKLW-TV

CKLW • CKLW-TV GUARDIAN BLDG. DETROIT

ROBERT E. EASTMAN & CO., INC. Natil Radio Rep

YOUNG TELEVISION CORP. Nat'l TV Rep

J. E. CAMPEAU, President



The article in the April 11th issue entitled "Radio Ought to be Spanked" is a dilly!

Not only do those pungent remarks apply to am radio, and radio in general-but, except for statistics-they are even more applicable to fm radio.

I'm a new broadcaster—my previous experience for 20 years was as an agency executive and national advertising manager—and I know now I was very poorly informed of radio values by the radio industry. As I think back on campaigns I know now that radio could often have done a better job than some of the print media we did for these campaigns. Yet radio was rarely considered for these campaigns.

I am most impressed by sponsor's recent program for increasing radio sales because it makes good sense. Certainly creative selling-to decision-makers - is a must for all of us both am and fm.

> Lawrence R. Smith gen, sales mgr. KDUO, Hollywood

Clarification

In a recent issue on page 14 you show an audience breakdown which has me a bit confused, and I'm wondering if there wasn't an error.

In your last column headed "Children 4 to 10" you indicate that this age group has more listeners than the teen-age group from 11 to 18.

It just doesn't seem possible that the younger children stay up later than the teenagers.

May I have a clarification of this? Hugo Scheibner, v.p. Cole Fischer Rogow, Inc. Beverly Hills

• The chart referred to dealt with night-time hour-hy-hour to audience composition.

The clarification: (1) the span from 4 to 11 years "inclusive" covers more years than the span from 11 to 17 "inclusive" and (2) the children in the larger bracket represents 19% of the population as compared to 10% for the older bracket. As pointed out by Dick Dance, SKIB researcher, children viewers outnumber tremage viewers any hour of the day or night excepting 11:30 Saturday night and 11 o'clock Sunday night.

WCTV Solves Another Problem for an Ad Manager



Tom had the sales manager on his neck.



Sales were too spotty; expensive in big markets, non-existent in-between.



Blair TV Associates said why not fill in these gaps with coverage like that of WCTV?



Unduplicated coverage brought quick results, profitable sales.



Tom even relaxes occasionally.

WCTV

Tallahassee Thomasville

for North Fla. and South Ga.

John H. Phipps Broadcasting Stations

Kraft reprint

I would like to thank you for your courtesy in allowing us to reprint your recent article entitled "Kraft and the Radio Tradition."

The reprint will be incorporated in a promotion piece which we will be sending to the NBC TV promotion managers who are currently carrying the Kraft lineup of shows.

Carl W. Simonson J. Walter Thompson Chicago

 SPONSOR is usually glad to permit reprints of articles, stories, culmons and other material.
 We have just three rules: 1) Requests must be made in writing: 2) Full credit must be given to SPONSOR and 3) Va SPONSOR unterial can be reprinted into decourse.

25

Up to date

We have been a subscriber to your journal for over two years now, and would like to congratulate you on its excellent editorial content.

SPONSOR enables us to keep up-todate with trends in American sound broadcasting and television. Although our Australian system - incorporating both Government-operated and privately-owned broadcasting stations and television stations, is unique, we find that the American scene provides us with more interesting information. and gives as a better guide to possible future developments in this country, than does the broadcasting or television industry in other parts of the world. Television has been in operation in Sydney and Melbourne in this country for just over two years now, and commercial broadcasting is being confronted more and more by a falling off in sets in use. . . .

May we congratulate you on the excellence of SPONSOR as a sound broadcasting and trade journal.

W. H. Stephenson, gen. mgr. Bdcstg, Station 28M Pty, Ltd. Sydney, Australia

A tape tie

I was very interested in the Film-Scope item from your 2 May issue regarding Ampex videotape recorders. There are five in operation in San Antonio: two at WOAl-TV, two at KONO-TV, and one at KENS-TV. Apparently we have pulled even with Manchester, England.

James M. Gaines, pres. Sonthland Industries San Antonio

• We are glad to correct the listing of cities with most Ampex videotape recorders to include San Antonio, tied with Manchester for 7th place. First is New York with 53.

Scoop! KBIG now broadcasts local news-in-the-making as it happens ... direct from the Los Angeles Herald-Express, the West's largest evening newspaper. Twice each hour top reporters join awardwinning KBIG newscasters to broadcast the top stories that make the day's headlines. AP, UPI, City News Service, Dow-Jones and "Sigalert" make KBIG news complete. But the best news is that KBIG reaches 91% adult listeners in 234 Southern California markets...for 71% less than other stations with comparable coverage.



You can use Pulse's totally new dimensions for profitable buying! CUSTOMER-SLANTED facts for comparing the 201 TV network shows

Typical example: FAMILY-APPEAL SITUATION COMEDY, FILMED. Co-sponsored by "small" agency of \$7 million billing in all media and by top agency whose TV billing alone is over \$100 million.

U.S. PULSE	TV	AUG	SEPT	ост	NOV	DEC	NAL	FEB
FEB. RATING: MAJOR MARI ATLANTA	XETS 24.0	77%	209 VIEWERS per 100 homes	VOLUME CONSUMPTION	SPENDERS! FOOD GROCERIES	ACTIVE! USING AUTO DAILY	HEALTH & BEAUTY CONSCIOUS	YOUNG! HOUSEWIFE VIEWERS
BALTIMORE BIRMINGHAM BOSTON BUFFALO CHICAGO CINCINNATI	26.3 25.0 18.S 22.5 16.7 30.2	smoke cigarettes: higher than	75 men 88 women	82 % have	40%	68 %	49%	26 %
CLEVELAND CDLUMBUS OAYTON DETROIT LOS ANGELES	26.5 24.9 32.3 20.2 17.2	average for all programs	19 teens 27 children	teenagers children	above average		above average for drugs	18-34 34 %
MILWAUKEE MINNEAPOLIS- ST. PAUL NEW ORLEANS NEW YORK	20.2 11.9 12.7	. 5	ork rating alon	e is no measure (of the tremendo	ous total value!	toiletries cosmetics	34-49
PHILADELPHIA PROVIDENCE ST. LOUIS	26.2 26.0 22.9	16.4			16.9	17.5	18.8	18.9
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE WASHINGTON	20.2 28.9 17.9	16.4	14.3	15.6	VE A BIG	RATING FO	R BIG SU	CCESS!
Washington.		16.4 14.3 15.6 16.9 IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO HAVE A BIG RATING FOR BIG SUCCESS!						

Pulse QUALITATIVE NETWORK facts for SALES results! Plainly illustrating that not HOW BIG but HOW SMART makes for profitable buying! Pulse qualitative data like these for ALL network programs. Subscribers also receive FILMS standings in the 22 top markets—126 quarter hour, half hour, and hour SPOT FILM PROGRAMS reported for February, 1959!

100,000 DEFERENT

FAMILIES

ARE INTERVIEWED MONTHLY THROUGHOUT THE U.S

minimum samples:

20,000 different families per daytime TV strip

5,000 different families once-a-week TV program

Charted above is a single, highly successful show. Not an impressive network rating, true, but a block-buster for selling help, market by market. Pulse subscribers get this vital information monthly, for all programs. Every important category of products being covered, with adequate repeats to measure progress. Brand tabs are available on order!

Effective with April reports for all markets and network, Pulse interviewing will be conducted daily all month—365 days a year of interviewing in America's key markets! This is the qualitative assistance leading advertisers want. You can put it to work, not just for time and program buys, but for advertising, selling, promotion, basic marketing.

Complete details on request. Please write or phone JUdson 6-3316.





...interviews families in their homes

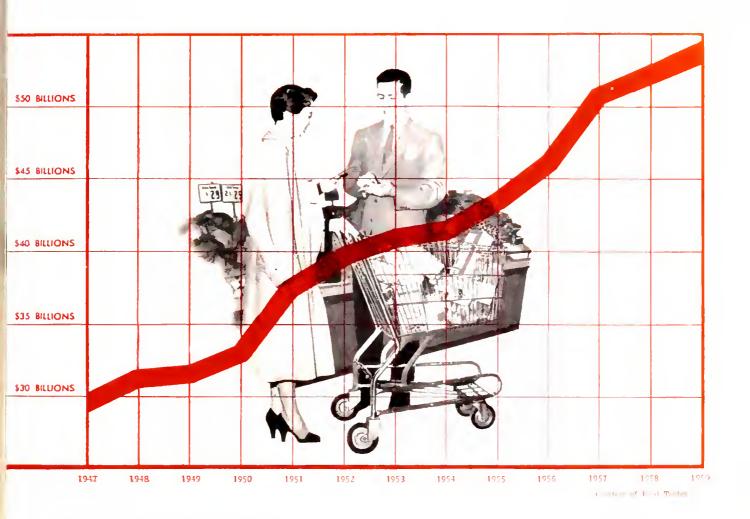


730 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

ULSE, Inc.

LOS ANGELES · CILICAGO · LONDON

LARGEST SCIENTIFIC SAMPLING -"ONLY U. S. CENSUS TALKS WITH MORE FAMILIES" . MORE THAN 220 MARKETS 1988 - STILL MORE FOR "



PART ONE OF A TWO-PART SERIES

FOOD: \$50 BILLION CHALLENGE

- Even though this manimoth industry will spend over\$300 million in radio and tv advertising in 1959 . . .
- . . . grocery experts say that air media haven't even begun to exploit food's tremendons ad dollar potential

Today, the No. I retail business in the U.S. is food. Its annual sales volume hits \$52.5 billion (including the \$7 billion specialty food stores business). It continues to climb at the rate of from \$2.5 billion to \$5

billion yearly. This has been a continuing pattern (see chart above).

At the national level, the food industry is the biggest single contributor to tv and radio advertising. It leads every other product category in air media investment. Of every ad dollar in broadcast, 20¢ is from food and groceries. In net and spot tv. according to Television Bureau of Advertising, the food industry invested \$243.5 million during 1958—almost double what runner-up category "cosmetics and toiletries" placed in tv. Food has consistently led the category parade in spot radio—about \$35 million last year, according to \$PONSOR estimate: in all radio (net and spot), total food advertising is about \$41 million.

This is the lion's sharr of national food advertising. Newspapers get

about \$126 million of national addollars; magazines about \$77 million.

But radio and ty can do much better not only nationally, but locally and regionally. Who says so? The food people themselves.

So the food business becomes air media's biggest challenge. In what areas of it, can ty and radio get still more business? Here they are:

- · Local advertising.
- Regional advertising.
- · Co-op advertising.
- Private labels advertising.
- More national business.

Whatever air media has lost to print in all these fields has been lost by default. They have failed to recognize the two keys to the food business:

(1) That all food business is local.

(2) That food profits are miniscule.

How can radio and ty get more food and grovery dellars? By beginn

food and grocery dollars? By basing every pitch on these twin appeals:

- (1) Identity at local level.
- (2) Help the grocer make a buck.

The profit margin has become the food dealer's prime obsession, and with very good reason. Annual dollar volume of food sales will continue to climb but profits will continue to shrink. Last year. Dun & Bradstreet reported a record number of failures in the food business. Not only are many independents in directrouble, but some chains as well. In 1958, A&P, largest of the food chains, topped \$5 billion, but at a profit of only 1%. Safeway stores passed \$2 billion at a net of 1.5%.

Labor and other operating overliend is increasing at a proportionately faster rate than volume business. The food retailer is caught in a squeeze—his survival depends not on gross sales but on net profit. (To help improve the profit, is why many supermarkets have added such nonfood items as housewares, beauty aids, toys, clothes, and even phonograph records.)

The least profitable food items he carries represent 67% of his sales:

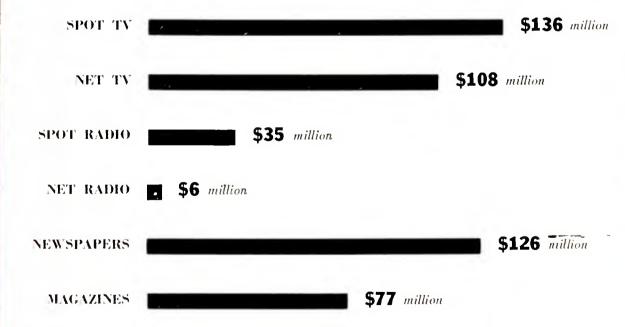
these are the groceries, packaged goods. His last stronghold of hope is in meats (about 24% of sales), produce (about 9%).

The \$1 million-a-year supermarket, according to Food Topics, shows a gross profit of only 19.25%. Out of this must come these five major expenses: payroll (9.57% of sales), rent (1.17%), supplies (1.0%), fixtures and equipment (1.26%) and advertising (2.13%). Of every dollar taken in by such a supermarket, 80.75% must be reinvested to replace merchandise that has been sold.

"The road to real profits in our business." says Leroy M. King, editor of *Food Topics*, "is not in raising prices but in more efficient operation. If radio and ty hope to woo us, they've got to prove they can help run the stores more efficiently."

So why should radio and ty—doing a land-office business already in national spot and network — worry about helping the retailer run a more profitable food store operation?

FOOD AD DOLLARS IN NATIONAL MEDIA-1958



Food leads all product categories in air media. Twenty cents out of every national tv radio dollar is from food industry. Sources for chart: TvB, N. C. Rorabaugh, LNA-BAR, ANPA, Magazine Bureau Advtg.

Because the food business is essentially local; as local as the store on the corner, the supermarket down the highway. Actually, many "national" brands do not have national distribution. Frozen foods (except for canned orange juice), coffees, baked goods:-just to mention a few are almost all regional. Of the big supermarket chains themselves, only two -A&P and Safeway are considered nationals, and even they are missing in some areas of the country. The grass-roots food retailer who is the foundation of this \$50 billion industry does not think too long or hard about a national ad campaign for one of the several thousand brands he stocks. He is interested in what he himself moves past his eash register. what his competitor across the street is selling.

This is why air media, if it hopes to get its deserved share of all food advertising, must start pitching at the local level. "National advertisers." a food business authority told SPONSOR, "have failed to create retail store identification through radio and television."

Opportunities for tv and radio to better their present position in food advertising are many. (Next week SPONSOR will explore these specific opportunities.) But the key to the opportunities lies in the nature of the food business itself.

Whatever profit problems the retailers face, the industry will keep right on booming. U.S. population which is headed for a 208 million total by 1970 guarantees a continued rise in food sales. For example, 1958 grocery sales were up 4.9% over 1957, according to *Progressive Grocer*. The food business is practically recession-proof. And when food prices rise, people simply spend a larger share of family income on edibles—as they are doing today.

While food business continues to grow, it continues to attract new products, Every week of the year, the average food chain is offered some 30 to 40 new items. "New processing and preserving methods are a real promise in the food business and results from research will be evident within the next few years," says the A. C. Nielsen Co. in its Report to Retail Food Stores. "In fact, in the future, those in the grocery business will see innovations, in

LEROY KING, FOOD SPECIALIST



When sponson tackled this story, it called for help upon a man who knows as much about the food industry as anyone—Roy King, editor of Food Topics, supermarket trade journal, and vice president of marketing for both Food Topics and Food Field Reporter. A

recent winner of the coveted Sylvania Award for service to the food industry. King once had his own supermarket, built it into \$1 million yearly volume, sold it and built a whole shopping center which he now leases out. Next week's installment will include some of King's own ideas on what radio and tv must do to get still more food dollars.

addition to new packaging and preserving methods that will dynamically change the industry."

Paul Willis, president of Grocery Manufacturers Assoc., said some time ago, "We foresee the larger supermarkets of 1968 carrying some 12,000 items in stock and half of them will be different from those sold today."

But every new product creates a problem. The retailer or chain manager must ask himself, "If I take this new item on, what do I throw out to make room for it?" Despite the fact that many stores are growing larger (the average supermarket built during 1955 had an average 10,700 sq. ft. of selling area: the 1957 supermarkets averaged 12.100 sq. ft. according to a Nielsen special study). space is still at a premium. The retailer's decision on what to "throw out" is based on product movement ta whole air media food presentation might be based on this fact

Why does the supermarket enter so importantly into a discussion of what air media should be doing in the food business

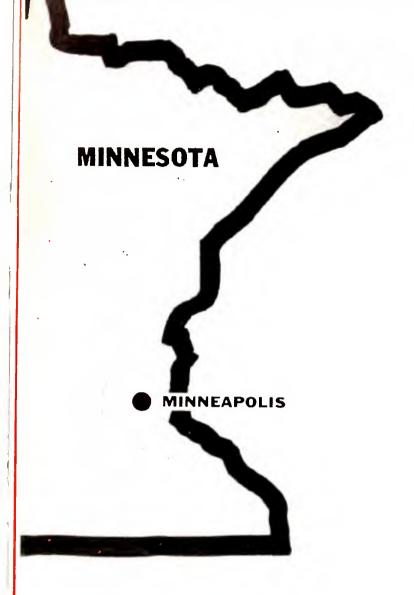
The answer is simple. Because the

supermarket has changed the whole pattern of food sales; it is the key to the future, the blueprint for air media, the reason behind most marketing philosophies.

Today, the truly "independent grocer" is all but extinct. There are supermarkets, superettes and small stores, depending on the volume of business they do in a year (\$75,000 to \$375,000). They are roughly divided into two types (1) Co-ops where the retailers control the warehouse and the warehouse management: (2) Voluntaries where warehouses are not controlled by the retailer but by an outside management which controls everything. The latter is the true chain such as A&P: the former are the affiliated independents such as make up an IGA.

Well over 60% of all food sales are made by the supermarkets. In their quest for profit which has spurred them into taking on other categories, they have hit a point where, according to the *N.Y. Times*, they account for two-thirds of all toothpaste sales, 50% of the cosmetics business, are the biggest distribu-

(Please turn to page 72)



MINNEAPOLIS AD FACTS

- Four giant Minneapolis firms spend \$25 million in air media. General Mills is biggest
- Other three top clients are Pillsbury Mills, Hamm Brewing and Minnesota Mining & Mfg.
- 16 AAAA ad agencies are here, including Knox Reeves, BBDO, and Campbell-Mithun
- Yet city does not quarter a single station rep or network office; wooing is from afar
- Stability, creativity and sharp buying is agency strength, and future potential is great

THERE'S GOLD IN MINNEAPOLIS

- Few admen stop long enough to think of this city as a 'Lady Bountiful' with well over 50 million ad dollars

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. - This coming month, the Advertising Federation of America comes here for its annual convention: theme of the conclave: "Where Madison Avenue Meets Main Street." The site is apt. the theme significant. Too often forgotten is the fact that this sprawling metropolis on the Mississippi spills

well over \$50 million yearly into the national advertising pot. More than half of this finds its way into television and radio.

Some 1.250 miles west of glamorized Madison Avenue, 427 miles northwest of better-publicized Michigan Avenue, Minneapolis goes quietly about its business of pumping ad dol-

lars into the economy. Major source of the dollars are four industrial giants: General Mills, Pillsbury. Hamm's Beer, Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Co. Their yearly stake alone in all air media is \$23.5 million.

In the Minneapolis-St. Paul twin cities are 16 AAAA agencies, among them such well-known names as Campbell-Mithun. Knox Reeves BBDO, Bruce Brewer. EWR&R Campbell-Mithun. Largest agency headquartered west of Chicago and nicknamed "The Mayo Clinic of Advertising." bills \$38.5 million with 48% of it in radio and tv. Know Reeves bills about \$11 million. 60% of it in air media.

Yet for all its sweetness, this hive is strangely isolated. In all of Minneapolis, no station representative is quartered, no network has an office. Darling of net and spot, Minneapolis is contred from afar.

"But this is no handicap to our efficient functioning as buyers of broadcast media," says Arthur Lund, radio ty director of Campbell-Mithun. "In fact, it may even be to our advantage. The reps all come to us, visit us frequently as do the network people. We often feel we get more of their undivided attention via this long-distance relationship."

Lund probably has sized it up correctly. Only an hour-and-a-half flight from Chicago, Minneapolis agencies are visited once or twice a week by salesmen from every major Chicago rep office. Between times, they are serviced by phone or teletype. In the past, several rep firms have opened Minneapolis offices, only to close

them again. Many Minneapolis agencies feel they get more current information from Chicago than they would from a small branch office in their own city. And these agencies take great pride in grabbing a good buy from under the noses of Chicago agencies (which frequently happens). Perhaps it is the very factor of distance that has made Minneapolis admen among the most self-reliant. quick-thinking and savvy buyers in the business. And no Chicago rep sends any but his most sayvy salesman to solicit these admen, for Minneapolis is the plum assignment.

So Minneapolis will likely continue placing its ad money with quiet efficiency, letting the credit go to cities where the money gets counted. (It is estimated that in spot, Minneapolis accounts for 10% of the total percent of national business originating in Chicago from where, according to SRA 1957 records, comes 19.2% of

spot ty business, 15.9% of all radio spot.)

For some idea of what Minneapolis means to air media, here are capsule vignettes on some of the major contributors:

General Mills: Controlling about 20^{o}_{c} share of the gargantuan ready-



TWIN-CITY SPARK PLUGS: Below are (1 to r) General Mills admen: L. H. Crites, ad manager cereals; G. D. Morrison, media manager; J. E. Ratner, director creative services and marketing. Above is Campbell-Mithun's radio to head, Art Lund, known coast-to-coast for creativity



to-eat cereal market, in addition to a whopping slice of the growing cake mix and frozen food market, this company invests 55% of its total ad budget in ty (nct ty \$10.8 million: spot ty \$3 million). Advertising philosophy of General Mills can still be summed up in the words of Sam Gale, its first board chairman: "Advertising should be based on truthfulness: should provide maximum helpful service. . . . " As for tv strategy, Gordon Morrison, media manager, boils it down to a single word-"frequency." Among its memorable contributions to broadcast: Skippy. one of the earliest radio serials: the "living" Betty Crocker twhose cookbook is second in sales to the Bible) of tv: one of the first radio jingles. "Have you tried Wheaties?"

Knox Reeves Agency: Established

in the mid '30's, it handles a major share of General Mills business (some 60%). The agency by no means handles only native Winnesota business. Its largest single account is Mars Inc. out of Chicago. Fifty-five percent of Knox Reeves total billing is in tv. about 5% in radio. Its media department, unexcelled by any on Michigan Ave. according to Chicago reps, is headed by Ralph Klapperich. Pillsbury: Like General Mills, another giant converter of grain into food products, it invests some \$5.2 million in net tv. more than \$15 million in spot ty.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.: One of the nation's biggest brewers from which flows about 4 million barrels of beer annually. Spends in air media at rate of \$1.7 million in spot ty, about \$1.2 million in net ty, close to

\$34 million in spot radio. Comes off a consistent awards winner for ty commercials (animated animals) and in the six years they have been running. Hamm's sales in St. Paul division alone have increased 150%.

Campbell-Mithun Agency: This is the agency responsible for the Hamm commercials and for much of Pillsbury advertising. It invests from \$10 to \$15 million yearly in spot tv. about \$20 million in net tv. C-M has branch agencies in New York, Chicago and Hollywood, but Minneapolis is the home base, fountainhead of all its creative tv work, Established in 1934. C-M has gone on to prove the conviction of native Minnesotan Ray Mithum that talent is where you find it not an exclusive of the big ad centers. This agency stands second to

(Please turn to page 48)

REPRINT OF AN IMPORTANT CHART

- Marie Land Inc.

A number of readers called our attention to typographical errors in the tabulations which accompanied a report on "Why daytime tv is soul-searching" in sponsor's 2 Way issue. Because of the importance of this material on daytime tv trends over the past three significant years, we are

reprinting the original chart, as corrected, in its entirety. Part 2 indicates how the number of homes tuning to day-time television has decreased in 1959 from the peak year of 1958 during three day periods—9 a.m. to noon, noon to 3 p.m., 3 to 6 p.m. (1958 was an atypically high year).

THREE-YEAR TREND OF DAYTIME TV

1. The amount of sponsored network time has been rising.*

	1957	1958	1959
Number of sponsored 1/4 hours	9-12 A.M. 12-3 P.M. 3-6 P.M.	9-12 A.M. 12-3 P.M. 3-6 P.M. 195 233 315	

2. The number of homes viewing tv has been decreasing slightly.

		1957			1958			1959	
No. of homes (add 000)							9-12 A.M. 7.318		
oo of total U. S. homes	16,1	21.7	30.0	18.0	23.8	31.3	16.7	22.1	28.4

*Some A.C. Molson Ca., Jan. Peb. of each year, Monday through PrbIay and evelusive of children's programs by a Michen', Jan. and Ceb. of each year.

Suddenly—a big boom in seat covers

✓ Mushrooming seat-cover business finds spot radio key to quickest sales and growth

Quickest, surest key to sales in the \$40 million seat cover business is spot radio.

It's not only the primary medium for this week's Good Car Keeping promotion by the Automobile Scat Cover Assn. of America, but it's the key that's opening a new phase in seat cover marketing.

Until recently, every manufacturer except Rayco (in Paterson, N. J.) has been concentrating on the wholesale market. Rayco's rise from a \$300,000, three-store operation in 1946 to its present \$22 million, 160 store position is well known, as is the role of air media in that growth.

Now Ero Mannfacturing Co. of Chicago has made a strong entry into a franchise operation to narrow the gap between its \$9 million volume and Rayco's \$14 million (at wholesale). Ero has been using spot radio to expand its Protecto franchises.

It's the same medium that the \$7 million Howard Zink Corp. (in Fremont, Ohio) has employed for its Sure-Fit franchises since 1955, with a 500% increase in business.

Several things have led these companies to rely on spot radio:

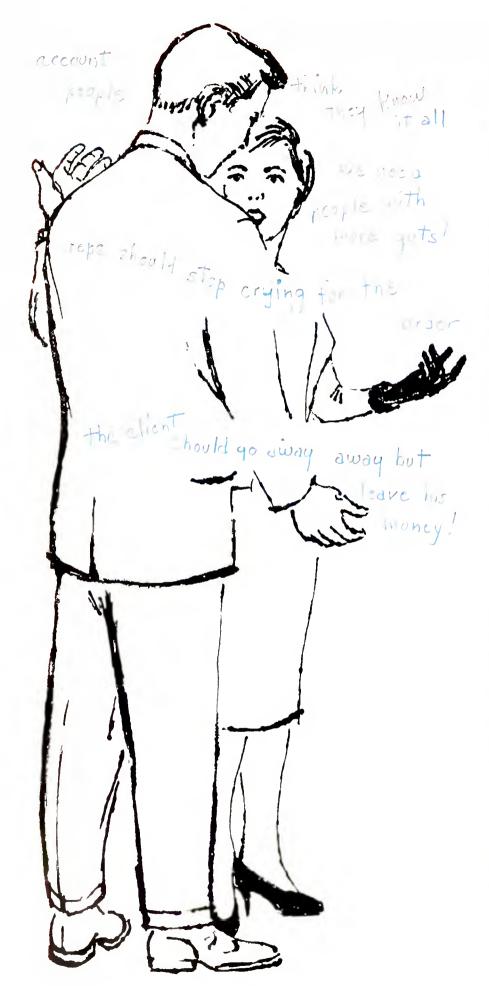
- (1) Year-round emphasis, in contrast to seasonal spirits of former years.
- (2) Growing importance of women in seat cover selection, stimulated in large part by clear plastic seat covers, now accounting for nearly 30% of industry volume—the result of high-style car interiors.
- (3) The growth of franchise setups and need to back up dealers.

What spot radio has done for these new entries into the direct selling seat cover field may be seen in their inter-

(Please turn to page 51)

REMOTES kicked off Protecto campaigns. Here WAND's Ken Speck interviews S-C Assn. pres. Howard Leopold (r), exec. dir. Vernon Volland





WHAT DO

Agency folk love their jobs but have laments on rep, agency, client relations

One of the privileges attendant to professional advertising jobs is that of grousing—about the boss, the shop, the client, the supplier. And media people, caught between and among account groups, clients and station reps, sometimes think this griping privilege extends most of all to them.

sponsor last week set out to find from media department people themselves the substance and dimension of their disgruntlements. After talking with media directors, supervisors, buyers and media researchers, sponsor learned:

• Most of them, most of the time, are contented as clams . . .

• but they have a shop-full of small irritants which too often grow into vast frustrations.

What are these frustrations and gripes? Those which media people make the most noise about are included in the box on the opposite page. Their biggest single gripe: a lack of communication. Buyers lament that the media chief and the media group supervisor don't brief them fully on client objectives. But media chiefs say the same thing about account people. And reps come in for their share of the blame because buyers charge the salesmen have no real interest in account problems and don't try to solve them with their sales medium.

Media department workers focus their gripes into the areas of activity of four groups: the media department itself, account sections, client companies and reps.

Media department: "A sick media department," one buyer of \$12 million worth of spot time annually says, "is merely a reflection of a sick agency—and they deserve each other!" But most buyers agree that the struc-

MEDIA PEOPLE GRIPE ABOUT?

ture of the department, whether horizontal or vertical in terms of spacetime buying responsibility, is contingent on one factor: a strong, mature, forceful and courageous media chief.

One bnyer says: "He sets the pace. If he doesn't fight for his—and our—convictions, we're lost before we start. He can build and keep the stature which the department must have to do the best job for the client. But water seeks its own level, and if he can't stand up to responsibility some other agency group will."

Most media people prefer the group supervisor system now standard in the bigger agencies. Account groups are assigned to a media supervisor within the media structure and each supervisor works with specifically assigned buyers, assistants and estimators. This makes for media specialists and eases the buying burden, they agree.

Many media people interviewed, however, think they are doing a clerical job when it should be creative. As one well known and long-respected woman put it: "Any idiot can buy the highest-rated station, if that's all you want! But it takes real creativity and imagination to buy on hunch combined with budget limitations, or to buy a small-budget schedule where a special job needs to be done. Let's stop buying by the yard-stick!"

Arcount groups: There's still a big problem, particularly in the smaller shop, of account people trampling on the egos and responsibilities of media management and buyers. Media men and women, however, realize some of this trampling is inevitable if the media chief doesn't trample back and assert his authority and responsibility.

"When the account group realizes we're not out to fight them and that we want to work with them for the same goals, they settle down to cooperating instead of disputing," one media supervisor says. Media people

say account people too often (a) don't ontline the specific marketing needs—a bog-down in communications, again; (b) don't work with media in developing the buying blue-print. (c) don't understand it when they finally get it and therefore (d) don't interpret it to the client or help push through the recommendation. Clients: Everyone surveyed agreed one of the most urgent needs is to sit in on more client conferences

sales meetings and presentations.

"Only media can best present media recommendations, and answer questions which clients have eternally!" comments one media department chief, Buyers think they, as well as media and group directors, should also sit in on plans and interpretive sessions.

And one says: "A running battle is trying to explain to account peo-(Please turn to page 73)

THE 20 LOUDEST GRIPES

The media director is weak and afraid. Account people think they know it all. The client should go away but leave his money. Let's stop buying by the vardstick! Agencies don't want creative media people. Buyers should grow up, quit freeloading. Why don't we talk to each other? Reps should stop crying for the order. Media assistants need unch more training. Space and time should bury the hatchet. The media chief should apgrade his job. Let's even out work-load peaks and valleys. We need people with more guts! Reps should be creative, not clerical. We're pros. should be treated as such. I wish station men would stay home! We speud half our day in meetings. There's no promotion chance for buyers. Red tape and detail snarl the works. No one listens so I've stopped fighting.

HOW TO SAVE 3 WAYS WITH

- Savings of 50% possible via (1) use of tape, (2) suitable program subject, (3) 'live' set operations
- CBS Films tapes Theater For a Story for \$15,000 per half-hour while ty film costs \$32,500 to produce

Under special circumstances, you can now bring in a half-hour tv program at 50% or more below the cutomary price minimum of \$32,000. To deliver a show at this new \$15,000 price, you must: (1) use ty tape instead of film. (2) pick program ma-



TV TAPE

terials well suited to tape, and (3) capitalize on the kind of on-the-set operational know-how that grew out of local, live tv.

Until recently, tape programing has been limited to network pre-recording of shows, and local station use of ty tape on minimum budget shows to be swapped or sold to other stations. But in the past few weeks a number of shows have appeared that were created with tape especially in mind. Among these is CBS Films' Theater For A Story, which carries with it considerable implications on the economies involved in ty tape's inherent traits.

The two most impressive facts on this series are that it is being produced for as little as \$15,000-perweek, and only four hours of camera time are needed, compared to more than twice this budget and 36 hours of shooting time for the average film half-hour.

But no bald generalizations on tape vs. film follow: tape and film are still very much like apples and oranges, only to be compared in limited ways. Tape production for tv is still much like the Broadway play while film production is much like the Hollywood motion picture. Only with these important qualifications in mind is it possible to compare tape and film in a reasonable manner.

What generalizations can be made about costs and time of tape vs. film in ty programing? First of all, it's clearly possible to save \$5,000 on each half hour show with ty tape because of the elimination of the technical costs of raw film, processing, dubbing, and editing. Second, it's possible to eliminate another \$5,000 or more of on-the-set operations expenses by using straight-through performance rather than the stop-and-go of film. (For details, see chart.) Third, it's possible to bring camera time down as much as 85% compared to film. Twenty-five hours were needed to rehearse one week of Theater For A Story, but only four hours of production involving camera and crew time were necessary.

However, many types of tv programs are obviously not suited to this three-way economy. The remarkable

VIDEO TAPE: TRIPLE BONUS ON TV PRODUCTION COSTS, TIME

MAJOR SAVINGS	TV FILM	TV TAPE	DIFFERENCE
Technical costs	\$5,000	\$ 500	\$4,500
Ou-the-set operations	8,000	3,200	_ 4,800
Facilities time	36 hrs.	4 lirs.	32 hrs.
Half-hour cost	\$32,500	\$15,000	\$17,500
Talent	4.500	2,800	1,700
Sets	2,500	1,500	1,000
Music	1.500	800	700

budgeting of half-hour programing in this case actually depends heavily on the experience of production personnel. Foremost among these is producer Robert Herridge, whose awardwinning. low-budget Camera Three series for many seasons on WCBS-TV gave him singular know-how on how to rely on ingenuity rather than a budget. The CBS Films tv tape series. Theater For A Story, will explore the world of imagination, rather than the realm of naturalistic realism. In this choice of subject matter lie the biggest opportunities for realizing tv tape economies. While technical savings of tape over film are limited to around \$5,000 a week compared to film, decisions on subject and treatment can hew off \$10,000 a week and more to bring a program down to the \$15,000 a week level. Since quality is not necessarily identical with expensiveness, it's the producer's ingenuity in selecting a subject and discovering his treatment that determine how inexpensive or costly such programs will be.

Note that in one episode starring Mildred Dunnock, Herridge shaved talent costs by \$1,700 under customary film levels. Another savings involved the use of suggestive rather than literal settings. This saved CBS Films \$1,000 under what's usually paid for set design and construction

for a film half hour. Furthermore, the close-up style allowed three live musicians to provide a background for the same money usually put down for a canned sound track, and considerably below what orchestration generally costs for film.

It's clear from CBS Films' experience with tv tape that it's not a technique for everyone and that initial fears the new method would quickly revolutionize tv film were much exaggerated. For an advertiser committed to action-programing done outdoors or on location, tape does not yet offer any advantages over film to make a switch worthwhile. There appears to be little reason, for example, to convert Westerns and detective shows to tape at the moment.

How Theater For A Story will fare as a program bidding for ad backing and time is still to be seen. However, it is a bold experiment that maximizes the inherent high technical quality of tv tape and its high-speed production techniques, plus all the opportunities for low-cost operation. As pioneering efforts in the application of ty tape are related to programing in new ways, the results gained with this and other series will contribute heavily to the direction that ty tape will take as a device for innovation in ty programing next season.



INVASION STRATEGY is mapped by {I to r} C&W acct. super. Ed Calhoun, creative dir. Carl Nichols, Folger's president Joseph S. Atha, and C&W president Robert R. Newell. Other planners were Folger's ad director Linton Bagley and Carl Giegerich, C&W officer in charge of account

HOW FOLGER'S BROKE OPEN THE CHICAGO MARKET

- Coffee maker buried competitors under mountain of prime radio/ty time, won strong position in tough market

About a month ago, a mountain of coffee landed on Chicago.

A mountain seemed like the logical thing for a coffee manufacturer to bring to Chicago because whatever the area may lack, it isn't coffee itself. Chase & Sanborn and Maxwell House already are entrenched there as are Hills Bros. Manor House, Stewart's and Webb's.

The Folger Coffee Co., Kansas City, Mo. knew that to crack the market it would literally have to take over Chicago. Its "mountain-grown flavor" wasn't going to register unless it was brought on dramatically and suspensefully and made to stick.

Folger is an old hand at creating excitement and suspense in an intro-

ductory campaign. The company's western division started a near-panic among grocers with guilty consciences with its West Coast "Come Home. Joe" campaign for its Instant last vear (sponsor, 2 August, 1958).

This time, the goal was simply to own Chicago for a couple of months the time it would take to establish the brand. First step was to be in command of the media. Cunningham & Walsh, Folger's agency for the Middle West and South, studied in great detail the network and spot pattern on radio and tv employed by the leading brands in the Chicago market.

"Over a period of 10 months," says account supervisor Ed Calhoun, "we examined the ratings of every show on seven ty stations, five metropolitan radio, and 14 area radio stations in and around Chicago."

The study gave Folger's their answer: a prime-time spot saturation which would reach every adult capable of seeing or hearing. C&W quietly bought the best time which fitted into the plan. In addition to saturation ty and radio. Folger used local daily newspapers. 24-sheet posters, and dash cards. A publicity and public relations program was also planned. To take the excitement into the streets, a fleet of vintage automobiles was martialed. Their use proved particularly valuable during the teaser phase of the campaign, which kicked off 15 March.

In the early stages, no identification was made with coffee. The time was used to establish the identity of an invisible personality Folger. In all media, the one line phrase, "I will bring a mountain to Chicago," was all that he had to say. The cars, traveling through densely populated business and shopping areas, carried placards with this cryptic message: "Mountain Builders Wanted Experience Necessary-See Captain Folger."

Eight days later eight words added to the copy gave the campaign its first reference to coffee; "I will bring a mountain to Chicago because Chiago needs a good cup of coffee." Publicity-wise, this phase wound up with an elaborate press party for ty and radio commentators and newspaper food editors with three trips to Guatemala with attendant fanfare as door prizes.

The reveal phase of the campaign began 31 March, The product was shown, but no more than Captain Folger's sleeve was ever seen as he explained that the mountain was

necessary because "the best coffee is grown high on volcanic mountainsides.

At the same time, a secondary teaser was introduced, pointing to the conponing which was to follow: Captain Folger concluded the spots with the promise. "I have a surprise for you.

Details of the couponing were revealed the second week in April. Simultaneonsly, coupons were mailed to consumers offering one pound free with the purchase of a pound, \ \survev taken 11 days after the launching revealed a very unaided recall rating

IN FOLGER'S AIR BARRAGE

STATION LIST

TELEVISION

WBBM-TV	Chicago
WBKB-TV	Chicago
WGN-TV	Chicago
WNBQ-TV	Chicago
WNDU-TV	So. Bend, Ind.
WSBT-TV	So. Bend. Ind.
WSJV-TV	So. Bend, Ind.

RADIO

WBBM	Chicago
WIND	Chicago
WMAQ	Chicago
WGN	Chicago
WCFL	Chicago
WMRO	-1urora
WLBK	DeKalb
WRMN	Elgin
WKRS	B aukegan
WCMR	Elkhart, Ind.
WTRC	Elkhart, Ind.
W.W.C.T	Gary, Ind.
WKAM	Goshen, Ind.
WLOI	LaPorte, Ind.
WIMS	Mich. City. Ind.
WJVA	So. Bend. Ind.
WNDU	So. Bend. Ind.
WSBT	So. Bend, Ind
WNIL	Viles, Wich

TEASER PHASE created suspense, used promotional gimmicks like old cars with cryptic signs. Here, Chicago div. mgr. Russell Brown maps route with Stutz-owner Charles Kurtzeborn





PRODUCT INTRODUCTION came only after three weeks of enormous teaser buildup. Typical commercial shows reporters "interviewing" Captain Folger. Each phase had its own commercials

for the brand and the "mountaingrown" theme.

By now, Folger's was squarely in command of Chicago. The word "mountain" had taken on a special significance in the area. D.j.'s and columnists wise-cracked about it. There were other product tie-ins. For example, Scaltest jumped on the bandwagon and brought ont a flavor (actually made with Folger's coffee) which they dubbed "mountain-grown coffee ice cream." They now distribute it in Chicago. Another milk company advertised its cream as "best with mountain-grown coffee."

The catch phrase was a boon to an auto dealer who talked about his "mountain of values" on ty. A newspaper editorial in Calumet City said that Calumet, not to be ontdone, had several mountains mountains of coal, slag, junk, etc. A Chicago businessman went to a masked ball as Captain Folger.

Two months from the date of Folger's introduction in Chicago, the campaign is by no means coasting. The current phase is aimed at pressing home and consolidating the advantages gained in the preceding weeks. Joseph 5. Atha, president of

Folger's, says, "We've been more than pleased with the initial results and acceptance of our campaign. There's no question that radio and ty played extremely important parts in the success of the introduction."

He adds. "Folger's certainly intends to be in the Chicago market from now on, and broadcast media will have a large share of future advertising expenditures."

Though the company won't comment on the size of its expenditures, storsor estimates advertising cost of the Chicago introduction in excess of \$500,000.

Folger markets its coffee from the West Coast to the Ohio Valley and from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico. In this area, it is number one in sales. In national sales, Folger's ranks as the second largest single brand of vacuum-packed coffee.

Gunningham & Walsh handles advertising for both Instant and Ground in the Middle West and South. The Los Angeles office of Fletcher Richards. Calkins & Holden handles Ground in the 11 western states, and Harris, Harlan, Wood (San Francisco division of FR, C&H) handles Instant in the same area.

AT LAST-

Regular NRI reports are resumed by Nielsen with uew varieties of audience figures

The curtain that has been slowly drawn around facts on network radio activity is being opened slightly by the A. C. Niclsen Co.

This week the research firm released the first in a monthly series of reports on web radio's leading advertisers.

In providing this peck, Nielsen resumes, after a hiatus of nearly two years, continuous published reports on the medium. If the material is well accepted, the firm indicated, more complete material on network radio users will be published on a quarterly or annual basis.

The Nielsen material shows the top 20 network radio nsers in two categories. Drug firms are the best-represented group, a further indication of their propensity for pounding away at the consumer via the most economical route.

The automotive category is also well represented among the leaders. Two of the Big Three soap houses and two of the Big Six tobacco manufacturers are on the list. Of the top 20 network radio advertisers of 10 years ago, seven are among the 1959 leaders.

Though the figures do not show dollar expenditures, the data gives some indication of the comparative spending power of the advertisers listed.

The type of material released is a striking demonstration of the metamorphosis of the medium and, particularly points up to the buyer the vast difference between network radio and network ty.

The Nielsen lists stress this difference that, while network ty enshrines the rating of the individual show, network radio cannot be properly appraised without some kind of total picture of accumulated andiences or commercial impressions.

Since this is complicated to measure there are a unmber of ways this total can be tallied. Nielsen picked

DATA ON NET RADIO'S TOP 20

two for publication: broadcast impressions and commercial minute impressions. Neither give an unduplicated homes figure, although that can be found in the Nielsen pocket piece. What they do measure is the total number of times homes tuning in are hit by both (1) the advertiser's programs and or isolated announcements and (2) 60 seconds' worth of commercial time.

Let's take "home broadcasts" first (see chart below). A broadcast, by Nielsen's definition, is any program or program segment bought by an advertiser but it also covers any isolated commercial time not included in a program or segment. For example, an advertiser who bought five 15-minute newscasts and ten 20-second commercials would be credited with 15 broadcasts.

The other Vielsen measure commercial minutes—provides a way of comparing the commercial weight purchased by different advertisers by using a common base. It is obvious that, with the example quoted above, two advertisers could buy 15 "broadcasts" each and yet one could control a far greater amount of commercial time (and also reach a larger audience)

A commercial minute is nothing more or less than 60 seconds of commercial time. Therefore, the hypothetical advertiser who buys five 15-minute shows and ten 20-second plugs would be credited with 181½ minutes of commercial time. (Each 15-minute show gets three minutes of commercial time while ten 20-second commercials add up to 31½ minutes.)

To get total home broadcast and

commercial minute impressions for each advertiser. Nielsen adds up the number of homes reached by each broadcast or commercial minute bought by the advertiser. Note this is not the commonly used "commercial impression" total in which the number of homes reached by each commercial regardless of length is added together.

A comparison of Nielsen's network radio top 20 list for 1949 (in terms of gross time spending) with the 1959 list revealed the following names on both: Sterling Drug, Lever Bros., General Wills, Campbell, Colgate-Palmolive, R. J. Reynolds and Bristol-Myers.

There are seven drug advertisers on the current list, three in 1949; four food and beverage clients currently, seven in 1949.

Total

NETWORK RADIO'S LEADING ADVERTISERS

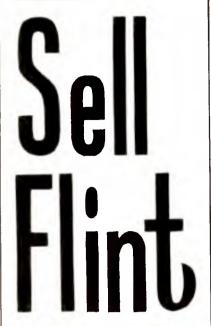
Total

HOME BROADCASTS

COMMERCIAL MINUTES

Rank	Advertiser	No. of b'dcsts	home b'dcs1s delivered (000)	Rank	Advertiser	No, comm*1 mins, aired	comm'l min, delivered (000)
1	R. J. REYNOLDS ,	320	175,407	1	R. J. REYNOLDS	211	97,841
2	LEWIS HOWE	208	127,842	1)	BRISTOL-MYERS	110	90,767
3	LEVER BROS	168	120,417	3	LEWIS HOWE	155	89,163
4	BRISTOL-MYERS CO	135	114,926	1	BROWN & WILLIAMSON	128	71,581
5	GROVE DIV	162	104,446	5	GROVE DIV	116	69,731
6	BROWN & WILLIAMSON	170	100,993	6	HUDSON VITAMIN	205	59,580
- 7	EX-LAX	188	93,870	7	EX-LAX	125	59,327
8	VICK CHEMICAL	123	74,429	8	LEVER BROS	7.1	51,318
9	BON AMI	169	67,851	9	COLGATE-PALMOLIVE	78	48,790
10	STEWART-WARNER	81	66,364	10	MOGEN DAVID	72	42,883
11	MOGEN DAVID	98	61,523	11	AMER, MOTORS	98	41,402
12	HUDSON VITAMIN	191	61,119	12	FRAM CORP,	96	40,382
13	PEPSI-COLA	126	58,555	13	MIDAS, INC	79	39,976
14	MIDAS, INC	105	57,270	14	STERLING DRUG	86	39,507
15	AMER. MOTORS	120	51,782	15	WRIGLEY	60	39,315
16	CAMPBELL	56	50,440	16	UNITED MOTORS	68	38,814
17	COLGATE-PALMOLIVE	60	39,064	17	STEWABT-WABNEB	5.1	38,167
18	FRAM CORP	83	38,473	18	A. E. STALEY	6:	35,334
19	STERLING DRUG	72	38,129	19	CHEVROLET	58	33,752
20	GENERAL WILLS	88	32,593	20	STANDARD BRANDS	13	31,987

Nielsen Radio Index, 4 weeks cliding I April 1959, in home only, 4 persons and



home of great '59's ... set for a record '59

Two great cars for '59, BUICK and CHEVROLET, mean great things right now for this World's largest General Motors plant city. They're made in Flint . . . and backed-up by AC Spark Plug, Fisher Body, and Ternstedt . . . all going full speed. Sell this big, rich market . . . and all of Northeast Michigan, too . . . on W F D F.

N B C affiliate . . . 910 an the dial Represented nationally by

the KATZ AGENCY





RADIO BUYS

The Nestle Co., Inc., White Plains. N. Y., is setting up contingent schedules in major markets for the summer push of its Nestea instant tea: the starting date depends upon the temperature in each market. Schedules will run for about 13 weeks. Minute announcements during daytime periods are being used: frequencies vary from market to market. The buyer is Dorothy Medanic: the agency is Dancer-Fitzgerald-Sample. Inc., New York.

Time, Inc., New York, is kicking off a campaign in the top 10 markets for its special circulation push for *Life* magazine. The schedules start the last week in May, run for four weeks. Ten-second announcements during traffic hours, saturation frequency, are being used; average number of announcements per week in each market: 200, The buyer is Clara Haber: the agency is Young & Rubicam, Inc., New York.

TV BUYS

Colgate-Palmolive Co., New York, is planning a campaign in about 25 selected markets for its Halo Shampoo. The schedules begin in early June for 10 weeks. Minute announcements during both day-time and nighttime segments are being placed; frequencies vary from market to market. The buyer is Bob Lazetera: the agency is D'Arcy Advertising Co., New York.

Whitehall Laboratories, Div. of American Home Products Corp., New York, is going back into major markets throughout the country with schedules for its Preparation II. The schedules start this month, with a daytime and nighttime schedule of minute announcements. Frequencies depend upon the market. The buyer is Jack Rothenberger: the agency is Ted Bates & Co., New York.

Salada-Shiriff-Horsey, Inc., Salada-Junket Div., Boston, is initiating schedules in top markets for its summer Salada iced tea promotion. The schedules start the last week in May for about 11 weeks. Minute, 10- and 20-second announcements are being placed, with frequencies varying. The buyer is Bob Anderson; the agency is Sullivan, Stanffer, Colwell & Bayles, Inc., New York.

RADIO-TV BUYS

Rayco Mfg. Co., Inc., Patterson. N. J., is getting the summer campaign ready for its auto muffler and seat cover lines. Both radio and ty schedules will be used, in about 65 markets. The schedules start in June, run through the summer. In radio, minute announcements are being lined up, primarily during traffic hours: in ty, minutes during late nighttime periods. Frequencies depend upon the market. The buyer is Lynn Diamond: the agency is Mogul, Lewin, Williams & Saylor, Inc., New York.

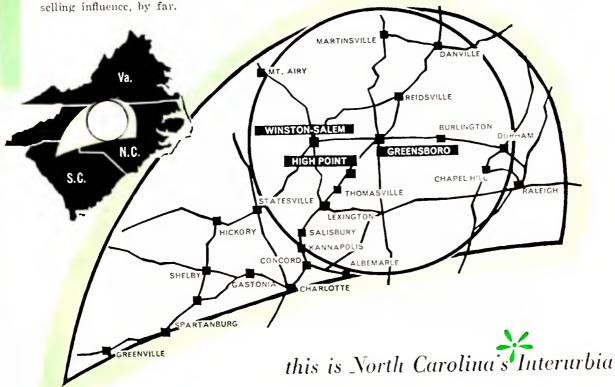
this is the Piedmont Industrial Crescent

The Piedmont Industrial Crescent is a unique concentration of buying power stretching across the productive Piedmont section of North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia.

It is a vast urban area created by bustling cities, booming industry and big agricultural purchasing power where millions of your customers WORK, EARN, SPEND.

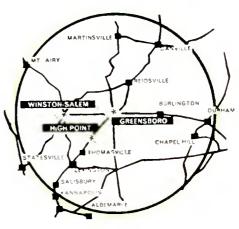
Strategically located at the hub of this big yearround market is WFMY-TV . . . the most powerful and it's dominated by

tmy-tv





... The largest metropolitan market in the two Carolinas. Here, WFMY-TV dominates because it serves ... sells.





GREENSBORO, N. C.

Represented by Harrington, Righter and Parsons, Inc., New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Atlanta, Boston, Detroit

MINNEAPOLIS

(Cont'd from page 36)

none in the country on creative copy and ingennous buys.

Chun King Sales Co.: This Minnesota manufacturer of Oriental foods and frozen foods is indicative of the northwest affinity for air media. Just recently it switched from JWT. Chicago, to BBDO, Minneapolis, Since then, \$1 million of its \$1.5 million budget has been carmarked for ty.

While the foregoing is not the whole Minneapolis picture, it is suggestive of a wellspring of ad funds currently productive with a terrific potential for future growth. What of its future? Its future is an echo of its past. Probably no other adjective describes better this area for broadcast ad media than the word "stability." Here are the reasons:

- Since much of the Minneapolis ad contribution is from food, it has been and will be stable, since food is not subject to fluctuations of some other industries.
- Client-agency relationships are durable. General Mills has been with Knox Reeves for nearly 30 years; with D-F-S, New York, for 35 years.
- Media plans tend to be long range from Minneapolis. General Mills has sponsored *Lone Ranger* since 1940, has maintained its identity with baseball and sports for Wheaties since the early '30's.
- Agency personuel turnover kept at a minimum at least by contrast with other ad centers. Much of this is due to the stability of the food lursiness.

"We work harder at advertising here," says Knox Reeves' Klapperich, "because we don't have the day-to-day contact with others in our trade as do New York or Chicago admen. We don't meet our fellow admen on commuter trains, because we drive in to work in our cars (auto commutes are rarely longer than 15 minutes). Our working day begins at 8:20 a.m., often goes beyond 5 or 6 p.m. since we are never tied to train schedules."

The "Ivy League" set might feel out of it in Minneapolis. But they can take heart from the fact that buried deep in the middle of America is a bunch of clear-thinking craftsmen living full and relatively ulcerfree lives who still manage to continue the economy through wise investment of ad dollars.

DESIGN YOUR OWN EYE PATCH WIN A FREE HILLMAN MINX!*



HERE'S HOW

Fill the adjacent blank page with an ad layout, including copy, that will convince your account executive, time buyer or advertising manager that the new combination of KGW-TV and the NBC-TV Network means greater sales and the most exciting television ever seen in Portland, Oregon. That's all there is to it. We call it TOTAL TELE-VISION. You will, too.

Here's what you're selling:

- KGW-TV the top station in Portland for Entertainment News Special Events Sports Personalities Color. (And we are not keeping this leadership a secret. Bob Hope, Dinah Shore and friends are pitching in with promos. Newspaper, outdoor, direct mail and ear eards spread the word.)
- 2. KGW-TV's Clear Picture and Sound—Big power—316,000 watts on Channel 8, with the highest powered transmitter available (100,000 watt) and low gain antenna. This means complete saturation coverage of Western Oregon and Southwest Washington.
- 3. This new combination of KGW-TV and NBC-TV produces TOTAL TELEVISION for Portland.

RULES (for some reason we've got to have 'em):

- Neatness counts, but not much. Originality does.
- Only bona-fide employees of advertising agencies are eligible (and no fair getting your secretary to help you).
- The contest closes July 4 (a bang-up day). Entries may be submitted on that blank page over there that you've been wondering about (that's what it's there for), but you can use a layout pad if you want. Send it to KGW-TV, Broadeast House, Portland 5, Oregon.
- Decision of the judges will be final and that's final.

KGW-TV Channel 8 Portland, Ore.

NOW! Get to work and win yourself a Hillman Minx



HANDY ENTRY BLANK
Send to KGW-TV, 1139 S. W. 13th, Portland 5, Oregon

sponsor • 23 may 1959 49

Is sponsor identification as important as some people

Ad men discuss the validity of the Norman, Craig & Kummel evaluation of a program in terms of its degree of sponsor identification.

Rollo Hunter, v.p. and director. tv' radio, Erwin Wasey, Ruthrauff & Ryan, Inc., New York

It's encouraging to see clients and agencies intensifying their interest in this somewhat neglected subject. Norman B. Norman and Walter Craig are due much credit for helping to spark a reawakening with their "sponsor ratings" system of evaluation. If they have really added another di-



It depends upon the particular aims of client

mension, we can certainly use it. Having leaned too heavily on costper-1,000, among the other standard yardsticks, this increasingly complex business is ready for some new tools.

However, this equating of sponsor identification with program popularity can't ever be expected to stand alone as a measurement. We need all the means of evaluation we can get our hands on, especially some more reliable ways of relating our efforts directly to the client's cash register. The big target will always be sales.

The degree of importance we attach to sponsor identification must, of course, depend upon the particular aims of the client. Having the right program has been proved one of the quickest and best ways to influence public attitudes and to change a corporate or brand image for sponsors who have institutional as well as sales objectives. (Henry Kaiser is such a client, for example.) We know, too, that under the umbrefla of a prestige show, strong brands can lift the pref-

erence for weaker ones by carrying them along as junior members of a reputable family of products.

Single corporate sponsorship of programs offers the opportunity for clear-cut identification with the vehicle. The trouble is, the trend has been in the opposite direction and such shared sponsorship arrangements as alternate week, major-minor and participations drop a fog of confusion over sponsor identification. In these situations, the individual decisions become matters of reconciling such factors as rising program costs and maximum circulation with the problem of diluted sponsor identification. Certainly it would be unfair and dangerously inconclusive to compare the identification ratings of one type of sponsorship deal with another.

Among the ways sponsor identification is being strengthened are these: better integrated billboards, star-delivered commercials, improved client and agency p.r. work supplementing the networks, increased effort at the point of sale, and production techniques to make commercials sustain the program mood. Then there's that old standby of getting your sponsor's name in the show title. as so neatly effected by Chevy, G.E., Goodyear, Alcoa. Du Pont, Hallmark. Lnx, and several others, especially including a firearm, the Colt .45, which gets plenty of identification without actually being a sponsor at all.

It's nice to see a resurgence of interest in sponsor identification. Vfter all, it's a venerable subject, as any A&P Gypsy will tell you. Or a Cliquot Club Eskimo, if you can find one.

Richard Lockman, sr. v.p. & gen. mgr., Mogul, Lewin, Williams & Savlor, Inc., New York

When an advertiser invests a substantial sum of money in a network tv property that represents his major expenditure in the medium, the broad question of sponsor identification becomes almost academic. Relatively, it's at least as important as rating figures, cost-per-1.000 breakdowns, audience flow charts or any other yard-



S.I. is essential to a new product

stick used to measure the effectiveness of a particular program. And chances are, it's even more important, as witness the re-evaluation of certain programs which draw tremendous ratings but fail, in varying degrees, to link the program with the sponsor in the public consciousness.

But if the average sponsor aims for strong identification, the advertiser who introduces a new product certainly must strive for it with a vengeance born of economic necessity. We're living in a dynamic era of new products, new promotions, new ideas. If a company hopes to keep pace with competition, it must develop these new products, promotions and ideas to satisfy the wants of its customers.

I think it's essential to create the right atmosphere for launching a new product on network tv. In today's economic climate, sponsor identification, or any of its nomenclatural variants—corporate image, for one—is a vital factor in successfully getting a new product off the ground. There's no doubt in my mind that the public's awareness of a company plays a key role in the success of so many new products.

Since new products are the lifeblood of so many advertisers, it would seem to be elementary that an atmosphere already firmly established by the network vehicle will generate remembrance and retention of the commercial message. The viewers' acceptance of the new product is immeasurably enhanced because the product, after all, is merely a mate-

WCSH-TV 6

think?

rial extension of the corporate personality so carefully developed on the program. A basic tenet of all good selling is to build and maintain the consumer's confidence in the salesman. When the viewer knows the sponsor and accepts his stature and stability, half the battle in launching a new product has been won.

The importance of sponsor identification also applies to advertisers who promote more than one product on a program. It's obvious that a lackdrop or setting provided by the sponsor image is necessary to avoid confusion in the viewer's mind.

Television isn't the only medium of communications where corporate identity is important. Look at the so-called visual public relations projects of major corporations which spend anywhere from \$10,000 to \$100,000 each to develop a recognizable corporate symbol—graphic trade marks that will stamp their companies indelibly in the public mind.

Sponsor identification important? It's more than that, it's just good business!

Paul Keller, research dir., Reach, Mc-Clinton & Co., Inc., Vew York

In recent weeks, one has heard and read much about Norman B. Norman's "Sponsor-Rating" concept

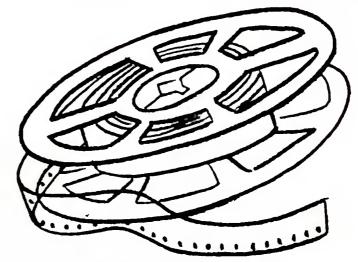


S.I. is not the only factor

which combines the degree of sponsor identification with program popularity to arrive at a more refined method of tv program evaluation.

None of the present yardsticks can properly be applied by itself to a given program to tell us how it performed: they must all be considered (Please turn to page 73) **NBC** Affiliate

Portland, Maine



Why a bigger more receptive audience?

(one answer is on that film)

WCSH-TV has pioneered in bringing legislative action from the state capitol to its viewers. It has initiated sound-on-film coverage from both houses in the current session, and has been mainly responsible for easing traditional barriers against photo coverage.

"News on 6" was FIRST with -

Sound-on-film of the senate.
Sound-on-film of house debate.
Film coverage of Governor and
Executive Council in session.
Sound-on-film of an important
legislative committee hearing.

Legislator reaction has been favorable. Frequently heard comment: "I didn't know it could be done with so little fuss."

Viewer reaction has been more than favorable. Well known fact: "If you want to know what happened in Augusta today, see it on Six."

Your Weed TV man has five straight years of surveys that similarly show you get a bigger, more receptive audience on Six.

A MAINE BROADCASTING SYSTEM STATION

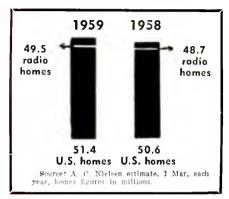
WCSH-TV—(6), Portland WLBZ-TV—(2), Bangor WCSH-Radio, Portland WEBZ-Radio, Bangor WRDO-Radio, Augusta

A matching schedule on ch. 2 in Bangor saves an extra 5%.

Facts & figures about radio today

1. CURRENT RADIO DIMENSIONS

Radio homes index



Radio station index

	End	of April	19:	9	
	Stations on air	CPs not on air		New station requests	New station ids in heari
Am Fm	3,354 601	123 113		- 1 91 -54	146 23
	End	of April	195	8	
Am Fm	3.239 540	82 80		430 46	115 11

Radio set index

Set location	1958	1957
Home	95,400,000	90,000,000
Auto	37,200,000	35,000,000
Public places	10,000,000*	10,000,000
Total	142,600,000	135,000,000

Radio set sales index

Туре	Mar. 1959	Mar. 1958	3 Months 1959	3 Months 1958
Home	515,563	533,936	1,690,941	1,193,668
Auto	511,219	234,911	1,363,822	853,035
Total	1,026,782	773.874	3,054,763	2,316,703

2. CURRENT LISTENING PATTERNS

TOP 15 RADIO NETWORK SHOWS: THEIR AUDIENCE BY AGE OF HOUSEWIFE

Program	Highest rating	Day	Norm:	10. OF I 18-34 29	35-50 36	VES PER 100 50 & over 33	HOMES Total 98
News—Ned Calmer (7:45 p.m.)	4.4	M-F	-	14	28	27	69
Lowell Thomas		M-F		20	27	23	70
World News Roundup (8 p.m.)	1.3	M-F'		15	29	27	71
Arthur Godfrey	1.2	M-F		29	29	38	96
Edward R. Mnrrow	1.2	M-F		19	27	24	70
Sports Time (6:45 p.m.)	4.2	$M \cdot F$		20	20	23	63
News-D. Townsend (10 a.m.)	4.1	M_2F		26	37	36	99
Ma Perkins	4.0	M-F		20	38	42	100
News-Ned Calmer (1 p.m.)	1.0	$M \cdot F$		24	36	38	98
Delen Trent	3.9	M-F		22	36	46	104
News-Ned Colmer (11 a.m.)	3.9	M-F		27	35	32	94
Whispering Streets	3.9	11-F		25	35	38	98
Young Dr. Malone	3.9	M-F		24	36	40	100
Hoose Party	3.8	$M \cdot F$		26	37	37	100
Rosty Draper Show	3,8	$M \cdot F$		20	26	22	68
Second Mrs. Burton		M-F		23	37	40	100

TREMENDOUS

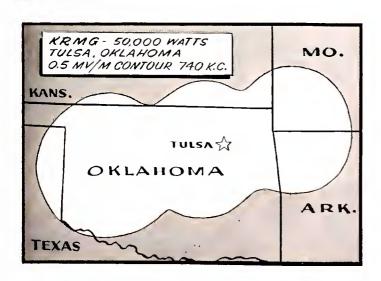
coverage of a big market . . . yours when you use *KRMG*, Tulsa!

PRIMARY MARKET DATA

(Excluding Oklahoma City Metropolitan Area)

State	Total Counties	Population	Radio Families	Passenger Cars	Retail Sales
Oklahoma	57	1,573,300	377,600	492,900	\$2,214,091,000.00
Missouri	13	365,300	115,100	104,100	41,946,000.00
Arkansas	12	279,400	82,500	64,300	243,522,000.00
Kansas	7	190,100	64,400	68,200	213,821,000.00
Texas	4	26,400	8,000	9,100	27,497,000.00
Totals.	93	2,434,500	747,600	738,600	2,740,877,000.00

Source: Consumer Markets



Regional KRMG's 50,000 watts on 740 kc (best frequency in Tulsa) gives you more for your money than any other Tulsa advertising medium. A recent one-week promotion pulled 87,312 postcards . . . proof of KRMG's big coverage, audience responsiveness and superior salesmanship.

Tulsa ranks about 65th in size in all market lists, but the KRMG area actually ranks about 40th or 41st in retail sales (\$2,740,000,000 — excluding

Oklahoma City).

General Manager Frank Lanc or your nearest John Blair representative ean tell you how to generate more sales by using KRMG.

KANSAS CITY
SYRACUSE
PHOENIX
OMAHA
TILLSA

ксмо	
WHEN	
KPHO	
WOW	
KRMG	

The	Katz	Agency
The	Katz	Agency
The	Katz	Agency
John Blai	r & Co.	- Blair-TV
Joh	n Bla	ir & Co.

Meredith Stations Are Affiliated With BETTER HOMES and GARDENS and SUCCESSFUL FARMING Magazines

SPONSOR • 23 MAY 1959

SEAT COVERS

(Cont'd from page 37)

locking case histories, in which certain markets have been turned into veritable battlegrounds this spring.

• Ero Manufacturing Co. A \$9 million automotive accessory manufacturer. Ero (in Chicago) does its biggest business (about \$8 million) in seat covers. Last year, it began a subsidiary franchise operation. A dealer pays Ero approximately \$15,000 for a Protecto franchise. The company provides all the advertising and sales promotion.

Canton, a heavily competitive market, was chosen as the site of the first store. Seat cover awareness in market would help, figured Ero president Howard Leopold and his agency. J. 11. Fisher Assoc., Chicago.

"Initial impact had to be strong." says agency president Jack Fisher. "That meant radio as the primary medium. But we knew that just to be all over the dial wasn't enough."

Women commentators would be reaching daytime female audiences, with styling, colors and design the principal appeals. Traffic-time announcements would be pitched to men. stressing quality, durability. To get good ad-lib commercials Fisher and Ivan Fuldauer. Public Relations Board, undertook indoctrination of personalities and announcers.

Spots were scheduled on every Canton station and one in Massillon. Ohio. The opening push involved a week-long saturation of 20-25 spots per station, or about one every half hour. They were scheduled to begin two days prior to the 8 May opening and to run at about the same frequency for three weeks, then taper.

As might be expected, manufacturers already in the market did not take all this lying down. Rayco and Sure-Fit were soon negotiating for every time segment Protecto hadn't purchased. Two remotes (over Canton's WAND) were broadcast from the store. The morning remote covered opening ceremonies (with Canton's Mayor on hand), the two-hour late afternoon remote concentrated on specials and premiums.

This pattern was repeated with two store openings in St. Louis the same month (May) and Skokie. North Shore suburb of Chicago in June. In St. Louis, KWK was the focal station and two Negro-appeal stations were used (KATZ and, later KXLW).

WEAW in Evanston was selected for the Skokie introduction because of its large North Shore listenership. Other store openings followed: East St. Louis, Milwaukee, Peoria, Louisville, Chicago (3) and Akron. In all areas except Milwaukee, radio was the primary medium.

The buying rule of thumb, Fisher reports, was to put 8-10% of anticipated sales in advertising. Canton sales are 22% better than anticipated, he says, and other markets are coning along fine. Schedules of five six minute spots per day are maintained in each five days a week.

• Howard Zink Corp. Hot on the heels of Ero in Akron, Canton and Milwaukee was Howard Zink's Sure-Fit. Sure-Fit's expansion pattern via spot radio from West to East parallels Rayco's East-West expansion via air media.

Sure-Fit was activated in Southern California in 1955 with a total of five stores around the Los Angeles area. With a projected budget of \$60,000 the Max W. Becker ad agency in Long Beach, Cal., began a spot schedule on KBIG. Los Angeles. A.e. Bill Becker explains that a minimum commitment of 1.000 minute spots yearround was made, a per-station average that is still maintained. In the first year, three 1.009-spot commitments had been fulfilled, sales of \$600,000 were realized and there were 13 franchise holders in Southern California. Expansion in 1956 took Sure-Fit into San Diego. San Francisco and, in a daring move, into the then unproved (for seat covers) Pacific Northwest. A 1.560-spot per year schedule on KJR established the company in Seattle. Portland. Eugene. Tacoma, Spokane followed.

1957 ended with Sure-Fit's sales at \$3,692,000 and stores in Salt Lake City, Cleveland, Youngstown, Canton, Akron, Wilwaukee, 1958 sales were \$1.754,000—nearly eight times the 1955 figure.

Becker, who has budgeted \$260,000 for Sme-Fit in broadcast media in 1959, uses tv "sparingly" in Cleveland and Los Angeles for certain of 12 yearly promotions. He emphasizes the importance of year-round advertising in the seat cover business, points out that Sure-Fit's two biggest months were the result of January and October promotions.

WHICH TWIN CITIES? Minneapolis - St. Paul? Kansas City - Kansas City?



NO, THIS IS "KNOE-LAND"

(embracing industrial, progressive North Louisiana, South Arkansas, West Mississippi)

JUST LOOK AT THIS MARKET DATA

Population 1,520,100 Households 423,600 Consumer Spendable Income \$1,761,169,000

Drug Sales Automotive Sales General Merchandise Total Retail Sales \$ 40,355,000 \$ 299,539,000 \$ 148,789,000 \$1,286,255,000

1 ood Sales \$ 300,486,000 KNOE-TV AVERAGES 79.4% SHARE OF AUDIENCE

According to December 1958 ARB we average 79.4% of audience from Sign On to Sign Off 7 days a week. During 363 weekly quarter hours it runs 80% to 98%.

KNOE-TV

Ghannel 8 Montoc, Louisiana CBS • ABC
A James A. Nac Station
Represented by
H-R Television, Inc.

Photo Aerick View Presenting Twin Colies of Monroe West Monroe, Louisiana

"Ten years

of hard labor!" Hard labor to corner the top studios' best feature films. Hard labor to create provocative, headline-making local programming. Hard labor to present more news more dynamically. Yes, ten years of hard labor have made WJAR-TV far-and-away, the number one station in 10th Anniversary of CHANNEL 10

far-and-away the number one station in the PROVIDENCE MARKET. Now, on its tenth anniversary, WJAR-TV looks forward happily to serving another sentence.



ward happily to serving another sentence. Cock-of-the-walk in the PROVIDENCE MARKET

NBC · ABC · Represented by Edward Petry & Co., Inc.



Your Salesman on Sight in the Southeast's Biggest Rich Market WHERE RETAIL SALES TOTAL \$3,078,943,000



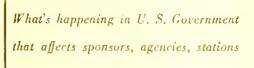
WINSTON-SALEM

Put your salesman in a market where sales are popping at the retail level to the tune of more than 3 billion dollars . . . the 75-county WSJS market.



Winston-Salem Greensboro High Point

Call Headley-Reed





23 MAY 1959
Copyright 1959
SPONSOR
PUBLICATIONS INC.

WASHINGTON WEEK

The military faces a tough fight if it does, in fact, have eyes for spectrum space now occupied by the nation's tv stations.

Sources close to Rep. Oren Harris (D., Ark.), chairman of the House Commerce Committee, have spelled out his many and sometimes confusing actions on frequency allocations as presaging an all-out fight for tv.

Harris, a very powerful man who took on and vanquished the FCC on the question of subscription tv, is set to make it just as tough in the event there is any agreement to take away any channels now devoted to tv. He is reported to be willing to see uhf channels traded for more vhf channels but to want to be shown the need if anything further is asked.

The FCC is now in negotiation with the military, seeking 25 continuous to channels up to 50, depending on what sort of bargain can be struck. It would prefer to start with present channel 2 so no vhf stations would have to move, but would settle for giving the military 2 through 6, thus starting a new to band with present channel 7.

Harris is beginning his own study of uses of the spectrum, or will as soon as he can hire experts, and his main interest is in seeing that the tv industry isn't kicked around.

All FCC processes probably will be slowed, at least to some extent, as applications from 250 watt community radio stations to go to 1 kw power suddenly pile up at the Commission.

The Commission recently decided to consider such applications on a case-by-case basis. With just enough pause to permit applications to be drawn up, the FCC has now been brought face-to-face with the deluge.

It now appears that almost all of the low-powered stations will be putting in for the added power. Under terms set down by the Commission, the applications will be complicated and difficult to resolve. The engineering facts of interference and lost service vs. service to be gained will have to be weighed in each case.

Unrestricted nationwide television of major league baseball games has been proposed by the stormy petrol of the sports industry, Washington attorney Leo D'Orsay.

Formerly a baseball director but now a director of the Washington football team, D'Orsay made his pitch at the Columbus, Ohio, radio-television meeting of the major and minor leagues, held this week.

The D'Orsay formula: all teams would televise, but the proceeds would go into a pot; one third would go to the minor leagues, another third to the minor league player pension fund, while the final third would be cut up among the major league teams.

The House Legislative Oversight subcommittee starts ont with a "round table" on regulatory agency practices, tentatively on June 15, aimed at collecting short-comings rather than smelling out wrongdoing.

And thus the licat is even farther off the FCC, and successful applicants for twe hannels in contested cases. The heat may never go back on.

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FILM-SCOPE

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Syndication got its biggest order of recent weeks in Carling's multi-million dollar deal with CBS Films for Phil Silvers re-runs.

The three-year buy covers 63 markets, two-thirds of them on an alternate-week basis. Involved are various Carling Brewing labels, many of which have been in syndication before, although never on such a large scale as this.

Time and talent reportedly comes to \$4.2 million. The agency is Benton & Bowles, and starting date is I October.

Take it from Esty, there's no basis for the report that Snn Oil is switching from a policy of different shows for various markets to a single for all markets.

Sun will stick along with the multi-show concept because: (1) there's better cost efficiency in buying according to local opportunities, and (2) a feeling that a regional commitment might help the syndicator more than it benefits the client.

There are some thoughts on double-exposure strategy on the burner at McCann-Erickson that could have important repercussions for certain markets.

The basic theme: Network advertisers should bolster their network buys with syndication in such highly competitive cities as New York, L.A. and Chicago.

How this could be done with producers, in one respect: Renegotiate contract for the network film series so that it would be economical for network advertisers to double-expose their shows, with the second scheduling telecast over an independent station in the same market a few days after the initial exposure.

100

Look for an all-out fight over the issue of a threatened labor boycott of products and clients connected with foreign-made film production.

Such a boycott, leading to cutting off foreign film production, would immediately result in retaliation by foreign buyers on U.S. film.

With foreign markets accounting for a sizable fraction of U.S. film income—sometimes the profit margin—a loss would throw many film scries into a borderline or loss situation.

It's now possible under special circumstances to knock as much as 50% off the half-hour production budget of \$30,000 or more.

Three steps are necessary: (1) using video tape, (2) picking a program subject well suited to tape, and (3) using "live" run-through-on-the-set operation methods.

(For details, see page 40, this issue.)

-

Supporting a permanent field force of salesmen necessitates that film sellers keep continual new product on the shelves, which can sometimes lead to thorny program decisions.

One syndicator recently brought out a new show very quickly only to discover after a quick survey of New York stations that not one would pay as much as \$1,000 per week for it.

Usually a new show gets a weekly price of \$3.000-plus on the two leading New York outlets and around \$1,500 on three other stations.

FILM-SCOPE continued



You'd hardly suspect that 1959 was being regarded as an off-year for syndicacation from the rate at which new distributors have been jumping into the field in the last few months.

Yet a top syndication v.p. admitted last week that he expects 1959 grosses and profits to be somewhat lower than the 1958 level.

The explanation: expected scarcity of open local half-hours this fall for syndication as a result of loaded network schedules.

-

The problem of unsold programing created a sizable number of total losses in syndication the past season.

NTA, for example, appears to have been stuck with 39 episodes of George Jessel's Show Business, and ITC with 13 weeks of Best of the Post.

In the area of pilots, CNP was left with one for a newspaper comedy series and another for an international intrigue, and CBS Films is still holding a number of adventure and mystery sample films.

While in theory much of this film product is always salable, in practice last season's goods can't be moved even at cut-rate prices.

The new area of science-fiction programing, which seemed so promising a few months ago, enticed a number of syndicators into making elaborate pilots, but Madison Avenue so far hasn't been clamoring exactly for that type of programing—although a couple network sales have been made.

COMMERCIALS

Testing of commercial effectiveness by Schwerin started on the West Coast last week, but no substantial regional differences are expected.

A national beer, a line of toiletries and a family of household paper products are among those testing their ty commercials there for relative effectiveness.

Also, a Pacific-area utility is testing its commercials not in terms of sales, but for the kind of image they are creating with consumers.



Japanese film animators are trying to get their share of U.S. animation business by affering a 75% savings on costs.

Claiming equal quality with American animators, one such firm, Interlingual International via Trojan Films of N. Y., is offering non-synchronized animation for \$17 a foot and lipsync for \$21.

Prices are for one minute or less and would mean that a 60-second spot could be animated for between \$1,530 and \$1,890: delivery is reportedly in four-to-six weeks.



The stimulus of competition from tape is resulting in a counter-attack by film producers with new techniques such as the aerial-image system.

Advantages of aerial image: (1) moving animated characters around over live backgrounds, (2) access to techniques very costly in animation, (3) better accuracy than traveling mattes, and (4) estimated 25% savings.

Limitations are: you cannot zoom or move, and facilities are as yet available only through a few studios such as Eastern Effects in N. Y.

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SPONSOR HEARS

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M&M Candy appears about ready to do more traveling—this time from Bates.

It's been inquiring around elsewhere. The impression is that the schism, if it comes, will involve only a difference over standard operating procedures.

1

Here's one version of why a major tv advertiser suddenly switched a brand to another agency:

The client decided to act when word got around that the top man on the account was shopping around for another connection.

Discerning admen draw these general profiles of timebuyers:

- 1) He's given a budget, and he tries to get the best availabilities for the money.
- 2) He first tries to inform himself of the client's market-by-market problems; then—if the money in the budget for a particular market doesn't suffice to do the job—he asks for more or manenvers around to bolster the schedule.

It wouldn't be surprising if McCann-Erickson and Y&R used the commercialsplayback research service they're buying from Trendex to go after new business.

The gambit: Look how your current commercials have fared with viewers as compared to commercials turned out by our shop.

Trendex was due to make the initial reports available this week.

.

If you've noticed the high rate of timebuyer turnover in a New York agency, it's been due largely to this:

The agency's practice of frequently shifting the buyers from account to account. The result is that they think they have no identity with anything in particular—that they're just a gang of migratory workers. Another sore point: money.

The guessing sweepstakes are about to start again among the P&G agencies.

That's where each agency estimates what the ratings will be for each of the P&G nighttime tv network shows in the coming season.

Cincinnati usually adds up these guesses, and their averages become the official expectations of P&G. Moreover they help determine how much money each brand will get in the year ahead.

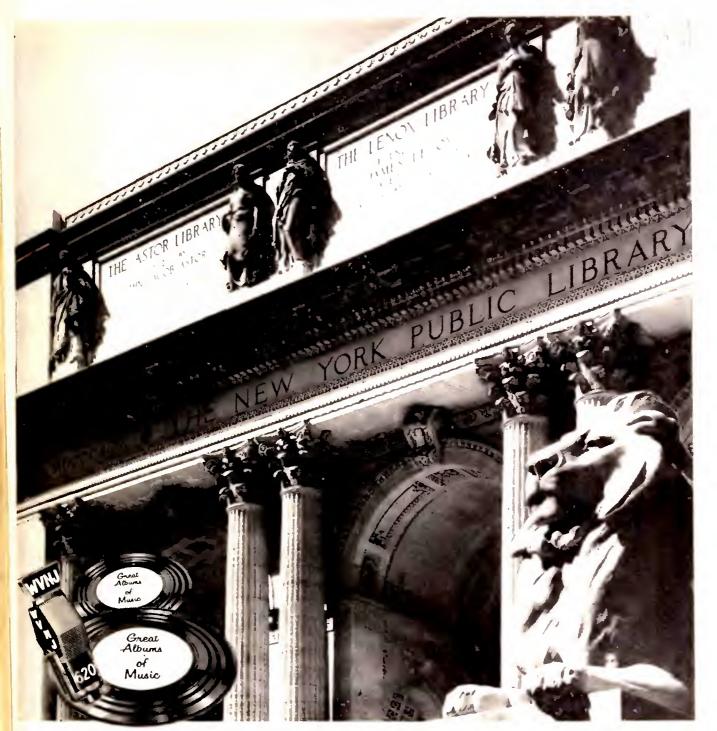
Leave it to a lawyer to stick cantionsly to what the books tell him.

Here's what happened in a Madison Avenue agency last week:

The copy department discovered that a competitive product was about to use a copy platform which this agency had devised for a fall ty campaign.

Getting the platform out first become imperative, whereupon the radio/tv department said it could get it on the air via radio in two or three hours, and a tape of the broadcast could serve as evidence.

No, retorted the agency's counsel, a court might prefer to see it in print.



Nothing else like it in Greater New York

NOTHING APPROACHES THE SOUND:

WVNJ originated the programming concept of Great Albums of Music. It is the only radio station in the metropolitan area that plays just Great Albums of Music from sign on to sign off every single day of the year.

NOTHING APPROACHES THE AUDIENCE:

The very nature of the music makes the audience preponderantly adult. It's a rich audience, too. In one of the wealthiest counties of America (Essex—with its million plus population) — WVNJ dominates in audience — in quality of audience — and in prestige.

NOTHING APPROACHES ITS VALUE:

WVNJ delivers its adult, able-to-buy greater New York audience for less cost per thousand homes than any other station in the market. By every reasoning it's your very best buy.

RADIO STATION OF The Remark Rems

____ national rep: Broadcast Time Sales • New Yark, N. Y. • MU 4-6740



WRAP-UP

NEWS & IDEAS PICTURES

TO PATROL THE BORDER, or rather to promote it, WDAU-TV, Scranton, threw a party for Amoco dealers, station's sponsor for *U.S. Border Potrol*, crowning Carol Hudson (I) with that title. With her, Ray Simms, account executive for H-R Tv and Dorothy Mugford, of WDAU-TV



ADVERTISERS

Elgin Watch (JWT) may wind up as the alternate sponsor of the week-night hour news documentary series which CBS TV has scheduled for the fall.

Bell & Howell (McCann-Erickson), already set for the telementaries, has the right of approval. Longine was interested in the series until it was discovered that this company also makes the camera.

Price per documentary: \$125,000.

A nation-wide survey by U.S. Brewers Foundation on sponsorship lineups for major league baseball broadcasts came up with this finding:

Sponsors for this year's games are almost identical with the 1958 lineup.

Among the advertisers, beer companies cop the largest share of sponsorship — on 28 separate radio and ty broadcasts.



YOU KNOW WHAT THIS IS, is the theme used for non-listeners of KLYK, Spokane, to promote "new" station purchased by Archie Taft Jr. and Bill Simpson of KOL, Seattle



STORYLAND HOSTESS, Josie Carey of KDKA-TV, Pittsburgh, demonstrates act in N.Y. with show's "Lion" for (I to r) Mal Ochs, Grey; Elaine Hudson, Webb; Roy Terzi, DFS

Other big advertisers, in order of frequency, according to USBF: gas and oil companies, 17; tobacco, 16, then auto dealers, banks and bakeries.

The survey did not include special network broadcasts of Saturday and Sunday games, and Mutnal's Game of the Day, which is mostly co-op or local.

Hamm's Beer moved into first place in ARB's April survey of best-liked ty commercials.

Maypo, leading the list in the March survey, moved back to the number six spot, and Piel's moved up to second place, followed by Ford (which jumped up from the eighth spot last month).

P&G's Mr. Clean represented the only newcomer to the list, tieing for 13th place with two other commercials.

Campaigns:

• Two promotions geared to the feet: Menney, this week, is saluting Foot Health Week to promote its

Quinsana via setting up the nation foot health specialists on coast-to-coast and local radio and tv shows... Scholl Mfg. Co. is scheduling its largest campaign for Foot Comfort Week, at the end of June. Included in the expanded ad program, radio spots over MBC and ABC.

- Contest tie-in: Pontiae, out of MacManns, John & Adams, and General Mills cereal company are set for a contest, beginning in June and continuing into the fall, which will offer, as prizes, 32 Pontiaes. How they will tie-in: During that time Pontiac will appear on GM's cereal boxes, and will get one-minute spots on the 14 ty shows, and on the radio shows sponsored by General Mills.
- Robert Reis & Co., manufacturers of knit underwear, will be using ty for the first time to promote Father's Day gifts. The campaign will kick-off in the New York area, via four-weeks on WRCA-TV and two on WNEW-TV.

Kndos: John H. Ballard, president

of Bulova, honored by the Joint Desfense Appeal last week 1, 4 Ralston Purina Co., awarded a Silver Anvil, the highest award in the public relations field, by the American Public Relations Association.

Strictly personnel: Peter Rippsformerly v.p. of Ogilvy, Benson & Mather, to Helena Rubinstein as director of marketing . . . Emil Reisman, to advertising and promotions supervisor of GallenKamp Stores Co. . . . Joseph Frenz, formerly West Central divisional sales manager of Pharmacraft, to H-A Hair Arranger as Midwest regional sales manager.

AGENCIES

The expected frappened this week: Harold D. Frazee, who headed the Dristan account at Bryan Houston, has gone with the account to Tatham-Laird.

His title: head of the drug divi-

MARINES DESTROY KOCO-TV, Oklahoma City, via a live telecast opening with the landing of the forces and climaxing with exploding the station's tower. This tv 'first' was training for 250 Marine Reserve troops



KISSIN' FOR KISN: These models spent days giving away candy kisses (naturally) in Portland, Ore. with lucky numbers that were read on the air to publicize station's change in call letters to KISN





A WAKE TO AWAKEN INTEREST in nighttime radio was held by WOWO, Ft. Wayne, for sales staff, (I to r) Tom Longworth, Ed Campbell, James Cassaday, Robert Hendry, Carl Vandagrift, Paul Lindsay



THE YOUNGER BUMPER SET demonstrates where they can put WWDC's (Washington, D. C.) new bumper-stickers auto accessory

sion. He'll make his headquarters in T-L's New York branch.

Last week was an nunsually active one for shifting of accounts.

Among the clients and agencies involved:

- Borden Foods Ca., for its Instant Mashed Potatoes, from Lennen & Newell to Y&R, where several other Borden products are housed.
- Eversharp, billing about \$500.-000 formerly with B&B, now with Compton.
- Regal Pale Brewing Ca., San Francisco, billing \$1 million plus, from Heintz & Co., to Lennen & Newell's west coast office.
- Esty and Underwood parted. Reason given: Underwood's desire to shift advertising emphasis from mass consumer media to specialized business and trade paper schedules.

Other agency appointments: Parry Lahs, for its Myomist month spray, billing \$500,000, from Roy S. Durstine to Maxwell Sackheim & Co. . . . Great Western Producer's Inc., makers of champagne and wine, billing about \$350,000, to the Monroe Greenthal Co., New York . . . Mexander's Markets in Los Angeles, to Compton, Los Angeles . . . Colgate's Super Suds, hilling \$500,000, from Cunningham & Walsh to Street & Finney.

Acquisition: EWR&R has acquired a Pittsburgh agency - W. S. Wałker, whose hillings were at \$3.7 million last year.

The new organization will be known as EWR&R, W. S. Walker Division, headed by Frederick Etchen, Jr.

This brings EWR&R's billings to \$76 million.

On the personnel front: Sam Gershuny leaves McCann-Erickson to join Edward II. Weiss & Co., Chicago, as v.p., and chairman of die plans board... Richard Whidden, promoted to v.p. at D.F.S... Robert Kesner, to a senior v.p. and management account supervisor at Lennen & Newell... Harold Cabot Ir., to v.p. of Harold Cabot & Co., Boston... David Nathan, to director of radio tv at Curtis Advertising. New York... Peter Berla and Arthur Topol, to media buvers at Ogilvy.

Benson & Mather . . . Bert Rosenherg, to Doner & Peck as account executive.

FILM

After a quiet period, syndication business picked up last week with signs that fall huying was moving into high gear.

Among sales reported last week were:

- Ziv's *Lock-Up*, to four local advertisers and more than a dozen stations.
- CBS Films' *Phil Silvers*, to Carlings in 63 markets. (See FILM-SCOPE for details.)

Advertisers on Lock-Up included Kroger Co., Henke and Pollot Supermarkets, American Bank and Trust Co., and Dallas Morning News.

TE'S Mare sales: Stations buying Ziv's Lock-Up last week were KVAR. Phoenix: KOID-TV. Tucson: KSL-TV, Salt Lake City: KOVR, Sacramento-Stockton: KTFM-TV, El Paso: WWL-TV. New Orleans: KSTP-TV. Minneapolis: KDSD-TV, San Diego: KOB-TV. Albuquerque: WTVJ. Miami; KOMO-TV. Seattle: WAVY-TV. Norfolk, and WTVT. Tampa . . . MCVs Paramount package to KTVIL Wichita . . . Sterling's Adventure Today renewed for a second year by the CBS... WHDH TV signed for 150 Screen Gems features . . . Bernard Schubert reports 16% sales increase for the first quarter over last year . . . WPIX's Cold War-Berlin Crisis syndicated to KERO-TV. Bakersfield; WFAA-TV. Dallas: WJBK-TV. Detroit and WTVT. Tampa . . . Triangle stations WFIL-TV. Philadelphia and KFRE-TV. Fresno, purchased 130 feature films from Screen Gems . . . Javark's Bozo the Clown reportedly now in 85 markets.

Other sales: UAA features sold last week to 28 stations, including WPTV, West Palm Beach: WJZ-TV. Balti-WRGP-TV. Chattanooga: WWL-TV. New Orleans: KFSD-TV. San Diego: WTRF-TV. Wheeling: WALB-TV. Albany, Ga.: WFMY-TV. Greensboro: CKNK-TV. Wingham. Ont.: CKRS-TV. Jonquiere, Que.: WFDM-TV. WTIC-TV. Hartford: Beammont: KPLR-TV, St. Lonis: WANE-TV. Ft. Wayne: KOSA-TV. KFAR-TV. Odessa: Fairbanks:

KENI-TV. Anchorage, and WDSU-TV. New Orleans . . . CNP's Flight sold to Honsehold Finance. KAVE-TV. Carlsbad: and WISC-TV. Madison; Karp Motors. WTOC-TV. Savannah: Interstate Life and Accident Insurance, WBIR-TV. Knoxville: also to stations WCTV. Tallahassee: WTVO. Rockford: KTCO, Ottumawa: and WRAL-TV. Raleigh.

Programs: Van Praag Productions has prepared a pilot film for The Ad-Libbers... Jayark will distribute Trapped and Birthright, both filmed at Republic Pictures studios... Cinema-Vue will handle Tom Puss cartoons in the United States... Fellows-Gray Productions, a new company, acquired a script hased on Jack London's Smoke Bellew... Show Corporation is offering 22 post-1950 feature films.

Promotions: The island of Trinidad offered a special citation to *Dane Clark* for Ziv's Bold Venture.

Commercials: Lon Boutin becomes sales v.p. of Ad-Staff. Inc. . . . Toronto affiliate of Robert Lawrence Productions starts construction on a large independent film center . . . Mel London joins Transfilm as industrials producer . . . Unsic Makers reports completing scoring for a new Kaiser commercial, through Young & Rubicam.

Strictly personnel: ABC Films appoints Howard Anderson v.p. and supervisor of sales, with Richard C. Harley becoming new central division sales manager . . . Official Films names Arnold Fetbrod as syndication sales manager . . . Edward Ray Downes is UA-TV's chief story editor . . . Jack Brown new midwest manager of Trans-Lnx TV . . . Edwin J. Smith, ABC Films international director, elected a v.p. . . . Sam Gang, international sales director of Bernard Schubert, on two-month trip to Far East . . . NTA names Gertrude Palmer personnel director.

NETWORKS

For the record: NABET members returned to their MBC TV jobs after a two week strike, with the union surrendering all claims over broadcast tape made out of the U.S.

ARB's top 10 ty shows, based on 6-12 April survey:

RAN	K PROGRAM	NETWORK	RATING
1.	Wagon Train	NBC	16.6
2.	Gunsmoke	CBS	11.4
3.	77 Sunset Strip	ABC	39.6
١.	Rifleman	ABC	38.8
5.	Ernie Ford	NBC	35,6
6.	Perry Como	NBC	35,5
7.	Tve Got A Secre	t CBS	35.3
8.	Waverick	ABC	35.2
9.	You Bet Your Li	Je NBC	31.1
	Have Gun, Trav		33.8

Network sales: Drug Research Corp. (Kastor, II.C.C & A) for Regimen Tablets, which has been under inquiry by the FTC, began sponsorship, last week, of Keep Talking, CBS TV, Wednesday, 8-8:30 p.m. . . . The William Wrigley Jr. Co., renewed CBS Radio's Just Entertainment for 52 weeks.

Fall business for network ty: Noxzema (SSC&B), for alternateweeks of Love and Marriage beginning 21 September, 8-8:30 p.m., NBC TV . . . Jackie Cooper will be star and co-producer of Hennesey, comedy-drama series to start 5 October. 10-10:30 p.m. on CBS TV for P. Lorillard (L&N) and General Foods (B&B) . . . Fibber WcGee and Molly bows on NBC TV 15 September, 8:30-9 p.m., for Singer Sewing Machine (Y&R) and Standard Brands (JWT).

Network ty renewals: P. Lorillard (L&N), for alternate weeks of NBC TV's Arthur Murray Party next season . . . Alcoa (F&S&R) and Goodvear (Y&R) for the Alcoa-Goodyear Theater on NBC TV next season,

Programing notes: CBS TVs The Lineup will be expanded to a full hour in the fall, to be seen Wednesdays, 7:30-8:30 p.m. . . . On the specials front: NBC TV will present a skating extravaganza, Summer On lce. I June. 10-11 p.m., for U.S. Brewers Foundation (JWT).

Financial report: Consolidated net income for CBS, Inc. for the first quarter, 1959, was \$7,032,636, compared with \$6,518,039 in the comparable period of 1958. Net sales for the quarter totaled SIII million—a 7,5℃ increase over the \$103 million for the corresponding period last

Kndos: The first Frank Stanton Award for meritorious research on the media of mass communication. presented to Tv and Our School Crisis, published by Dodd, Mead & Co. . . . To NBC, the 1958 Silver Anvil Award of the American Public Relations Association for "outstanding public relations performance in the field of communications.

Personnel-ly speaking: Adolf Hult, former Mutual v.p. and board member, returns to MBS as a v.p. to head up the special projects department . . . Dresser Dahlstead, to director of operations for the ABC Pacific Coast Regional Network . . . Pinckney Reed, v.p. of RCA, appointed to a newly-created position in Washington, D. C.: to provide staff coordination of all RCA's business activities with Federal agencies . . . Stephen McCormick, to director of news for Mutual.

REPRESENTATIVES

Robert Eastman, head of the rep firm bearing his name, spoke before the Pennsylvania Broadcasters of the misconceptions and prejudices among Madison Avenue and ad agencies re spot radio.

To overcome this bias. Eastman presented this "party line of thought and action" which he termed the "Pennsylvania Plan":

- "1) Sell the fact that spot radio is a fundamental and necessary medium.
- 2) It is the best way to reach the busy housewife.
- 3) It is almost the only way to regularly reach the vast, impressionable, fluid and constantly change ing youth market.
- 1) It is easy to bny.
- 5) Spot radio fits the expanding markets of the country which are rapidly growing beyond the reach of newspapers. It fits the strip marketing development.
- 6) Spot radio is the only medium which is fully mobile for a population on the go."

Another plan to revitalize spot radio:

II-R Reps. Inc. is mailing, to

its stations, its "Operation Groundswell" plan, composed of two parts.

Part 1:

- H-R will publish a brochure. based on original research (out of Market Planning Corp., the research subsidiary of McCann) with new facts on the radio audience, designed to do a "hard sell" job to agency management.
- Client calls on a regular basis. publicity campaigns in the trades to enhance spot radio's image and an advertising campaign to sell spot,

Part II, aimed at what role stations can play in this plan:

- · Brainstorm sessions with their staff, talking up the plan and radio.
- · From master list of contracts, assign a staff man to call on each firm twice.
- From ideas discussed, each man prepare a pitch of radio sales points slanted to a particular client.
- · Each local rep should be sold on the idea of writing to the home office and recommending radio.
- Sainte each client contact on the air. Also schedule an open house for clients to meet the staff.

II-R is planning to propose "Operation Groundswell" as an industrywide movement, and is seeking to line up support from the broadcast organizations.



Rep appointments: WCUE, Akron. O., to Gill-Perna . . . KINT. El Paso. to John E. Pearson . . . WGST. Atlanta, to The Branham Co. . . . ABC Radio Pacific Coast Regional Network, to H-R Reps . . . KTLE-TV. Pocatello-Idaho Falls, to Forjoe-Tv.

They're opening new offices: Weed & Co., at 915 Olive Street in St. Louis. headed by Edward Podolinsky . . . The Bolling Co., at the KMBC Building in Kansas City, headed by Eugene Gray, and at 705 Olive Street in St. Louis.

Thisa 'n' data: Executives of Tv Advertising Reps are set for a three-week coast-to-coast tour of WBC's ty stations as a personal indoctrination of the markets, the stuff and programs and the station set-up . . . St. Lonis Radio-Ty Reps will hold their second Advertiser-Agency



BUT FOR EVERY TIMEBUYER THERE ARE TEN OTHER DECISION MAKERS BEHIND THE SCENES WHO READ SPONSOR AS WELL

Rarely indeed does one man alone determine when and where to place radio or TV business. That's why it makes sense to reach every decision maker possible with your message because every voice that helps to finalize a sale should know your story.

It's the chief reason your advertising will do so well in SPONSOR. SPONSOR reaches almost everybody who is anybody in air. All the timebuyers, of course, but more decision makers, too, at every level (in both the agency/advertiser category) than any other broadcast publication.

Proof?

Fair enough!

SPONSOR is the only broadcast publication that offers a complete circulation breakdown BY JOB CLASSIFICATIONS—listing the exact number of subscribers (with their names and titles) at every management level. We'll be happy to show it to you at your convenience and prove beyond doubt that SPONSOR reaches more teams that buy time than any other book in the field.

5 PONSOR sells the TEAM that buys the TIME

TO ALL 20 YEAR VETERANS IN THE INDUSTRY

you are cordially invited to attend

the BROADCAST PIONEERS

NEW YORK CITY CHAPTER

at

Toots Shors Restaurant

(PRIVATE DINING ROOM)

TUESDAY, MAY 26, 1959

AT

7 P.M.

COCKTAILS AT 6

We're sure you'll enjoy visiting with old friends. And we'd enjoy seeing you with us.

PRICE \$6 per TICKET

includes full course dinner, gratuities and tax

For reservations: phone Ralph Weil, Cl 5-7979

Golf Tournament at Sunset Country Club. 12 June.

New offices for the Chicago chapter of Station Representatives Association:

President, Roger O'Sullivan, Averyknodel: v.p., Thomas Taylor, PGW; treasurer, Thomas Taylor, II-R Reps, and secretary, Charles Compton, The Meeker Co.

Two new members joining SRA: Devney, Inc. and Am Radio Sales.

Strictly personnel: Charles Cottington, elected president of Stars National . . . Gil Johnson, to manager of the St. Louis office of Robert E. Eastman . . . George Fanst, to manager of the Los Angeles office of CBS TV Spot Sales . . . Charles Allen, to head research and merchandising for Blair-Tv . . . David Henderson, to account executive for TyAR . . . Robert Perez, to account executive for CBS TV Spot Sales . . . Edward Gamrin and Don Ferrull. to the San Francisco staff and Hugh Wallace to the Los Angeles office of Harlan G. Oaks & Associates . . . Herbert Briggin, to the Los Angeles office of Am Radio Sales.

RADIO STATIONS

The use of gimmickery in newscasts and the employment of filter mikes to give the effect of phony on-the-seene reports came under attack this week at the board meeting of the Radio/Tv News Directors Association in New Orleans.

The board of directors met to draw up a resolution to be submitted to the membership during the convention. 14-17 October, in New Orleans.

Part of the resolution: "This board condemns any style of news presentation which, in its writing for broadcast, is a distorted or incomplete report. Attempts at sensationalism serve only to create possible hysteria."

Agencies were urged to wage a continuing campaign for educating the public and legislators about advertising by Morton Simon in a talk this week before the Pittsburgh Radio & Ty Club.

Simon is a supporter in the fight against restrictions and taxation on advertising and is legal counsel for the Poor Richard Club and the Tv & Radio Advertising Club of Philadelphia.

Advertising needs a "revamped image" and must overcome its "gray flannel" and "huckster" complex, stated Simon. "It is suffering today from bilateral ignorance, since government on the whole just doesn't understand advertising and the industry is also remiss in its educational work."

Ideas at work:

• On the top 10 music front: Recently KZIX, Ft. Collins, Col. (on the air since January) announced that it would change its music policy, from albums and classical to pop, if the listeners wanted it. They were asked to send in their comments, and in one week. 1,000 responses were received. Results: "Overwhelmingly" in favor of the station's current policy.

• WEEL Boston, is sending its "Summer Selling" booklet to clients and agencies, themed to the "blanket" coverage of the station's signal. The 19-page brochure presents a balance of listeners on vacation, plus statistical information drawn from Pulse. Motivation Analysis, RAB, New England Council and the Mass, Department of Commerce.

• 'Fun' contest: WSAZ, Huntington, W. Va., began its "Water, Water, ... Somewhere" contest last week. The bit: A gallon of water is hidden somewhere in the Tri-State area, with clues as to its location aired several times a day. Prize: \$100.

• How they're promoting National Radio Month: WPLA, Plant City. Fla., is combining it with their 10th anniversary, holding a contest for listeners to guess the combined weight of staff members. Winner gets a car... WNBH, New Bedford, Mass., has a flying mobile unit in the air each day with a d.j. airing his show from it. Listeners get daily prizes for guessing correct altitude.

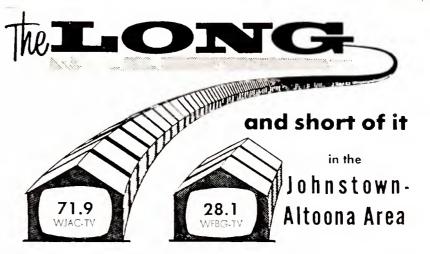
Thisa 'n' data: KBKW, Aberdeen. Wash.. is making its mobile news service and facilities available to area authorities in emergencies... WFAA, Dallas, is conducting its 10th annual farm study tour, expecting 175 farmers, ranchers and bankers to participate in their own special train... KOMA, Oklahoma City, will help find summer jobs for students via airing mutual job openings ... Buck Barry, of WOOD, Grand Rapids, is

airing a campaign to find homes for dogs . . . WHOM, New York, is creating a blood hank for the exclusive use of its Spanish-speaking listeners . . . WTRY, Albany-Schenectady-Troy, is offering a plan for its retail advertisers, dubbed "rain insurance": Based on the premise that business falls off when it rains, the station will repeat the radio schedule. if that weather occurs, at a later date, at no cost to the sponsor . . . KMOX. St. Louis, will air all St. Louis Hawks professional basketball games for the next three seasons, co-sponsored by Anheuser-Busch.

Station purchases: WHRV, Ann Arbor, Mich., to the Zanesville (Ohio) Publishing Co., brokered by Howard S. Frazier, Inc. . . . KEX, Oakland's purchase by Crowell-Collier approved by FCC.

Call letters change: KIWW, San Antonio, to K-UBO and increased its power to 5,000 watts.

Kndos: WOW-AM-TV, and KBON. both in Omaha, recipients of nine and three "Gold Frame" awards, respectively, presented by the Omaha Radio Tv. Council... WGN, Chicago. a



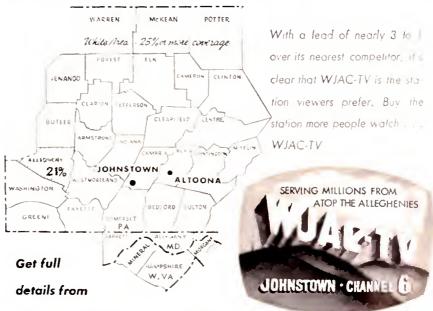
WJAC-TV holds a long, long lead over WFBG-TV, in station share of audience, sign on to sign off, all week long.

WJAC-TV--71.9 WFBG-TV--28.1

Proof from ARB, November, 1958, that WJACITY is far ahead of the connect tion in its area.

TOP 30 SHOWS ON WJAC-TV

Johnstown-Altoona Trendex, Feb., 1959



HARRINGTON, RIGHTER & PARSONS, INC.

winner of the "Mfred P. Sloan radio/ tv awards.

Over the past month, these stations have been added to the active franchised Community Club Awards Station List:

KVMA. Magnolia. Ark.: WFTL. Ft. Lauderdale: WBAT. Marion, Ind.: WBOE. Richmond. Ind.: WDOE. Dunkirk, N. Y.: WTRY. Tryo: WAPA. San Juan. P. R.: WCLE. Cleveland, Tenn.; WKGN, Knoxville: WMMT, McMinnville, Tenn.: WMTN. Morristown: WGNS. Murfreesboro. Tenn.: KDYL. Salt Lake City: WHLL, Wheeling: WSAZ. Charles-

ton, W. Va.: and WCCM. Parkersburg. W. Va.

Station staffers: James Foster named financial v.p. for the McLendon Corp. . . . C. B. Clarke, Jr., to manager of WDGY, Minneapolis-St. Paul . . . Tod Branson, to general manager of WFOX. Milwaukce . . . Norman Lofthus. to general manager of KCMJ, Palm Springs . . . Earl Harper, to station manager of WBOY, Clarksburg, W. Va, . . . Paul Miles, to general manager: Paul Howard, program director: Norman Posen, sales manager and Gloria Best, to woman's director at

WCAW. Charleston, W. Va. . . . J. R. Hackney, to promotion manager for WOW. Omaha . . . Bob Martin, to program director at WJW. Cleveland . . . Anthony Perry, to account executive at WGBI. Scranton. Pa. . . . W. Lee Roddy, to local sales manager for K-EZY. Orange County. Cal.

TV STATIONS

Fiction on ty is fiction at its second best, according to producer Dore Schary.

Comparing to with movies and Broadway, Schary noted that fiction is done better on the screen, and that each medium should exploit the area it excells in.

Speaking at the RTES "Newsmaker" huncheon in New York last week, Schary noted:

"It is in the field of current events that tv serves us best. Tv is a roving, penetrating eye and a tremendous force for showing truth and life as it really is.

"It is this sense of urgency which should be retained. Some news programs have lost this quality. They seem to have the salt edited out of them: the vital immediacy watered down to the point where it is obvious that the programs are designed to offend absolutely nobody."

Schary attacked the tendency to "phssyfoot" controversial areas, and called equal time a "situation now being carried to ludicrous lengths."

"The more responsible and gifted contributors to the medium will abandon it if they continue to be hobbled in free expression."

Schary recently signed a contract with NBC TV to produce specials for next season.

Ideas at work:

- KODE-TV. Joplin, Mo., recently concluded its "Snack-Paks" promotion, where, for the past month, snack wagons were cruising the area, distributing the "paks" to homes contacted. Snack nights were given heavy, on-the-air promotional spots. Their contents were supplied by station advertisers, free of charge.
- WFBM-TV. Indianapolis will award trips to that city for the 500 mile race, to five timebuyers. The contest: Estimate the qualifying speed for the first, second and third posi-



FOR BEST COVERAGE IN THE NATION'S 47th TV MARKET

(Dovenport, Iowa — Rock Island — Moline, Illinois) Here is a 42-county market with a fine balance of rich farming communities and booming industrial centers . . . the largest market between Chicago and Omaha . . . Minneapolis and St. Louis . . . the 47th TV market in the nation.

POPULATION
FARM POPULATION
EFFECTIVE BUYING INCOME
GROSS FARM INCOME
RETAIL SALES

1,632,100* 322,300

\$2,879,387,000*

\$1,213,506,000

2,042,037,000*

**Soles Monogement's "Survey of Buying Power — 1959"

Presided
Innext C Sindler
Rick Rich Manager

Presided
Innext C Sindler
Rick Rich Manager

Presided

**WOC-TV & No. 1 in the nation's 1"th TV marker—leading in TV homes (438,480), monthly coverage and weekly

The second of th

channel

WOCTV 6 No. 1 in the nation's 1"th TV marker—leading in TV homes (438,480), monthly coverage and weekly circulation — day and night — as reported in the Nielson Coverage Service No. 3, Spring, 1958 for turther facts and lattest availabilities, call your PGW Colonet . . . NOW!

WOC TV Dovenport, lowe is part of Central Broadcasting Co., which also owns and aperates WHO TV and WHO Radio, Des Maines, lowe



tions in the first row lineup at the race classic. Timebuyer-contestants have been nominated by Katz Agency salesmen.

Financial report: Net profit for the first 13-weeks, 1959, at Metropolitan Broadcasting Co.: 8287.512, as against \$56,021 in the first quarter of 1958—an increase of 450%.

How to increase the number of VFH stations: By reducing spacing requirements.

So says KCCC-TV. Sacramento, in a Petition for Rulemaking submitted to the FCC last week.

The petition: "By lowering the minimum co-channel assignments and station mileage separations in Zone 11 from 190 miles to from 100 to 125 miles."

Thisa 'n' data: KELO-AM & TV. Sioux Falls, begins construction on its new \$750,000 headquarters this week . . . WPIX, New York, will telecast its first major feature program in color this Friday (29) centering on the problems in Africa . . . Anniversary note: Shell News celebrating its eighth year on KRON-TV. San Francisco . . . KOCO-TV. Oklahoma City, constructed a baseball diamond behind its studios to telecast, live, the YMCA Jr. League baseball games . . . WTVJ, Miami, issued stock to more than 200 employees and to the general public last week . . . KPIX. San Francisco, is using, for the first time, outdoor posters to promote its "Channel 5 Take 5" theme.

Business notes: Burgermeister Beer (BBDO), the first advertisers to purchase a program on Channel 10. Sacramento, after the station's call letters had been changed from KBET-TV to KXTV... John Green Corp. (Promotional Advertising). Renault distributor, for 52 alternate weeks of Traffic Court, on KABC-TV. Los Angeles.

Kndos: To KWTV, Oklahoma City, the Alfred P. Sloan award for promoting traffic safety . . . To WBNS. TV, Columbus. O., the Advertising Achievement award for the best single ty program, at the fifth district AFA convention . . . To KMTV, Omaha, five "Gold Frame" awards from the Omaha Radio Tv Council . . . KPIX. San Francisco, honored by San Francisco State College for its public serv-

Nothing, but

nothing is as

TIME BUYING = USE-full in

conditioning

sponsors and

agencies for

fall and winter

buying as

Sponsor's

Media Basics

13th annual edition out 18 July

Advertising deadline 22 June

Not a directory, not a shelf reference but an up to date, fact-packed guide for buying ty radio time





BASICS



WANTED

tv/radio station promotion and exploitation man

Superior promotionexploitation man to plan and direct audience promotion for an important group of Radio and TV stations. Station promotion experience preferred though not required. Position will require travel. Please reply to Box 89 stating experience and salary requirements. Responses will be kept confidential.

INDUSTRY EXECUTIVES!

Remember the old adage: "If you want anything done right —do it yourself?"

Not really! Be smart.

Hire an assistant whose experiences and qualifications complement your own.

A gal whose assets include:

- action-packed career in the important phases of radio/ tv | film
- eventive skills and impressive experiences
- cujovs work and responsibility
- Add sprinkling of imagination, initiative and organization know-how—then

YOU WON'T HAVE TO DO ALL JOBS YOUR-SELF!

This is a gal in a hurry to meet you!

Inquire SPONSOR, Box 5.

- collillia collittet pite in secto Ti

ice programing . . . **KMOX-TV.** St. Louis, winner of two Ohio State awards from the Institute for Education by Radio/Tv at Ohio State University.

On the personnel front: William Mulvey, named program director of WNHC-TV, Hartford-New Ilaven . . . Bruce McGorrill, to sales manager for WCSH-TV. Portland. Me. . . . Frank Harms, to director of ty programs for WRCV-TV. Philadelphia . . . E. Manne Russo, to general sales manager and James Necessary to assistant general sales manager in charge of local sales at WDAF-TV. Kansas City . . . Lew Brever, to executive v.p. of WXIX-TV. Milwaukee . . . Virgil Wolff. to assistant sales manager. KYW-TV. Cleveland . . . Marshall Karp, to account executive at WPIX. New York . . . Len Hausen, to the programing staff and Paul Scheiner, to account executive at KPIX. San Francisco . . . Denson Walker, to the local sales staff at WFAA-TV. Dallas.

FOOD INDUSTRY

(Cont'd from page 33)

tors of eigarettes, household soaps and cleansers, confections and soft drinks, laundry supplies and household paper products.

Add up what these product categories spend in television alone (by TvB estimates for 1958) and you arrive at the staggering figure of \$1.8 billion dollars (beer \$50.5 million, cosmetics \$126.1 million, dentifrices \$31.3 million, tobacco \$93.5 million, paper \$15.2 million, confections and soft drinks \$40.2 million, cleansers \$16.1 million and soaps and detergents \$76.2 million).

This is the heritage that the self-service shopping cart left the U.S. ad-industry.

The supermarket concept began in 1930, when Mike Cullen, an employee of an Illinois grocery chain suggested the idea of self-service, was turned down, and came to New York to open his own self-service market. He rented an abandoned garage in Jamaica, advertised himself as "King Cullen, the World's Daring Price Wrecker."

From all of the Greater New York area came depression-conscious families to buy up such startling bargains as oranges for 8¢ a dozen, lamb chops at 17¢ a pound.

Six years later, there were 1.200 such self-service markets in the U.S. Today, there are some 21,000 which annually do \$1\u00e2 million or more business. In 1958, 1.900 new supermarkets went into operation.

The supermarket concept has even gone international. Holland now has "Heppt-U-Zelf Winkels." France has several hundred "Livre Service" stores, Belgium. England, Hong Kong. Italy and Turkey have adopted the idea. Even Russia is planning a chain.

The average big supermarket stocks about 6.000 to 8.000 items (the old corner grocery of another era stocked about 500 to 600). The outskirts of metro areas are where most supermarkets operate, but in the congested eity areas, these same chains are buying up smaller stores and converting them into "bantams" which stock about 1,000 items: some are so small they must be restocked each day.

"More people are exposed to supermarkets than to schools, churches, movies or any other influence except newspapers and ty," stated an article in the "V.Y. Times. The future effect on U.S. Marketing, according to the same article: "Once a week, the housewife (or her husband) will go to a big. regional, semi-department store kind of super, as far as 20 miles from home to do the major shopping; between times she will fill in at the pearest bantam."

The explosion of supermarkets on the food scene has already been felt. The housewife shopper of today is an entirely different breed from her grandmother. The shopping list of grandma's day, for example, has all but disappeared. A recent survey showed that only one in five women carry a detailed shopping list. Most buying today is by impulse. But since the shopper cannot hope to see every one of 6,000 items in 20 or 30 minutes of wandering through the aisles, it is the supermarket operator who controls her impulses.

"The supermarket can boost the sale of any item," says the Times, "by the way it is displayed." Even the most hard-sell national ad campaign could conceivably lay an egg if it isn't tied in at point of sale.

This is what radio to must understand if it is to dominate food at all levels. Next week, sponsor will show the way to dominance.

MEDIA GRIPES

(Cont'd from page 39)

ple and to clients that what they eall a "quickie request" may well need four people for three days to diedge np an answer. They just don't understand that media people don't guess: they find out facts."

Another adds: "Clients make some of the most impossible requests! Some either have a complete lack of consideration or they're plain stupid or both." All queries should be screened carefully, just as carefully as they are serviced, adds a media researcher,

Station reps: Media bovers and researchers realize it's their job to see every rep, to talk with visiting station managers and to sit in on all solidly researched station and rep presentations which will add to their fund of briving knowledge. But they get tired of "reps who ery and say they need the order because they'll get fired or they're having a baby." And one wearies of "station gnys who come in to say hello, don't say anything of importance and take up a lot of time."

Others complain their days are filled with presentation sessions and that this leaves little time for actual buying, Several agencies, however, are solving this problem by appointing one man to screen all such requests for buyers to sit in on a station or group presentation. He handnicks persons who need the information in their work and books them for precise times with no runover gab sessions.

Bovers hope, too, the day will come when reps will sell before the buying begins, not after it has started. "We all work in peaks and valleys," says one buyer, "We may work 'til 3 a.m. four nights running -and then have a two-week slack period. They should see us between buys, not at the height of them.

These gripes from media people nevertheless reflect enthusiastic interest in their agencies and their jobs. They're leading to smoother media operations and to less external friction. Buying has made much progress and is destined to grow even more proficient and professional as "we become less afraid, more confident and more willing and able to share ideas with everyone involved." eonelnded one media manager.

SPONSOR ASKS

(Cont'd from page 51)

and despite the fact that we have a variety of vardsticks, we still haven't got enough. The important missing link is the method which will tell the advertiser whether the program (plus the commercials contained in it) has benefited him either in terms of sales. in terms of public attitude toward his product or service, or in terms of his general advertising objectives.

The sponsor-identification index is probably the weakest single method for judging programs, because it doesn't tell him what kind of an impression he has left with the viewer.

The major objection, however, to the use of a "sponsor-rating" in the evaluation of ty programs is the fact that several sponsor identification "norms" exist depending on the sponsorship pattern of the particular program. For instance, if sponsor's name appears in the title of the show, it is easy for the respondents to give the right answer. "Who sponsors the Chevy Shore?" is like asking "Who is buried in Grant's tomb?"

The second group of programs are those with one single sponsor whose name does not appear in the title. An example of this is The Twentieth Century sponsored by Prudential. The recall of the sponsor's name for this type of program is not impaired by alternate, participating or majorminor sponsorship arrangements and therefore, identification can be expected to be high although not as high as that of the first group.

Then we come to the programs which have two or more sponsors. Here confusion is bound to lower the expected s.i. "norm."

It becomes clear, then, that even if we accept the use of a "sponsorrating" as a yardstick for program evaluation, we cannot compare a program in one of the three groups mentioned above with a show in another group: nor can we say that an intragroup comparison is valid -length of sponsorship is an important variable to be considered.

While great strides in the right direction have been made, the need for continued research in the area of pregram and commercial evaluation is still very much in existence. The "sponsor-rating" while it is an interesting exercise in arithmetie--is inadequate as a measurement.

More listeners cost less with

Billion-Dollar Evansville's

Becouse WGBF is

. in weekday morning listening audience . . morning! Contan Area Survey --- February, 1959:



spot advertising sales during 1958 among Evansville stations!

National Representatives • Weed Radio Corp 1280 KC • 5,000 WATTS AFFILIATED WITH NBC NETWORK



National Cash Register Picks Jacksonville



, C. Allyn, Chairman of the Board The National Cash Register Company

National Cash Register has picked Jacksonville for a new business machine supply plant. Jacksonville welcomes this new addition to the rapidly expanding North Horida Economy and looks with pilds to ward National Cash Register's Lathin Horida's Gateway City

In Jocksonville, Joxons hove picked WFGA-TV, Chonnel 12. NBC and ABC Programming

Represented notionally by Peters, Griffin, Woodword, Inc. Lifth of a Schos



says Lou Wolfson, V.P.

WLOS-TV

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

You can use any part of Warner Bros. library of films to get top ratings and enthusiastic sponsors. "It's so flexible, you can fit it into any spot," says V. P. Lou Wolfson of WLOS-TV.

"From our Warner Bros. library we've programmed an Errol Flynn Theatre and a Bogart Theatre on weekends. Both have drawn exceedingly well . . . often outrating all three competing stations combined."

This smart programming by WLOS-TV is perfect for either participating or exclusive sponsorship. And it's only one of the many ingenious ways stations are using Warner Bros. features to turn time into money. Let us tell you about the others, too. Simply call or write:

U.C.C.

UNITED ARTISTS ASSOCIATED, INC.

NEW YORK, 345 Madison Ave., MUrray Hill 6-2323 CHICAGO, 75 E. Wacker Dr., DEarborn 2-2030 DALLAS, 1511 Bryan St., Riverside 7-8553 LOS ANGELES, 9110 Sunset Blvd., CRestview 6-5886



Twadradio NEVENAKERS



Howard Anderson, central division sales manager in the Chicago office of ABC Films, Inc., has been named a v.p. and promoted to supervisor of sales. In his new position he will be headquartered in N. Y. and will coordinate, with president Henry Plitt, syndicated and national sales activities. Anderson joined ABC Films in 1954 as manager of the Dallas office. In 1956

he was transferred to Chicago as Midwest sales manager. His successor will be Richard Hurley, formerly Chicago city sales manager.

Robert J. Stefan, manager of BBDO's Hollywood office, has been elected v.p. in charge of radio tv. He joined the Hollywood office in 1952 as a tv production supervisor. In 1957 he was made head of production and assistant to Wayne Tiss, then v.p. in charge of the office. (Tiss now heads the BBDO. Chicago office.) Prior to joining the agency, Stefan spent



five years with KTLA as writer-director-performer. He also acted on NBC programs. Stefan was graduated from the College of the Pacific.



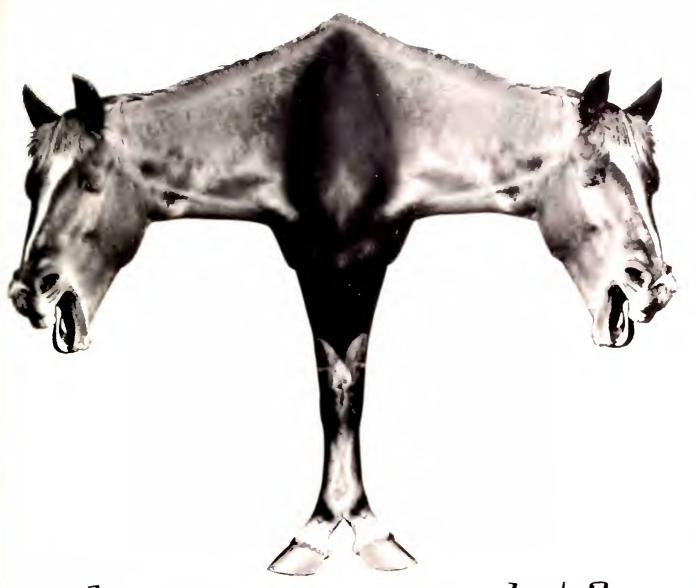
Clifford Dillon has been appointed chairman of the newly formed creative board of Compton Advertising. This new group will concentrate the experience of the agency's top creative executives on all client advertising. Dillon, a v.p. at Compton was formerly assistant creative director. He joined the agency in 1951 as a creative executive. Previously, he was v.p. and

copy chief of SSC&B and D-F-S. And, prior to that, he had been a copy group head and member of the plans board at J. W. Thompson.

Arnold F. Schoen, Jr., general manager of WPRO-AM-FM-TV. Providence, R. I., has been appointed executive v.p. of Cherry Broadcasting Co.—owners and operators of WDBO-AM-FM-TV. Orlando. Schoen joined WPRO 13 years ago as local sales manager. He was named general manager in 1947 later added to duties to his post. He became a stockholder and director of



Cherry Broadcasting when it was organized in 1957. Succeeding him: Joseph Dongherty, formerly sales manager of WJZ-TV. Baltimore.



Are we ca-razy, or what?

No, two heads are *not* better than one—unless both agree on WAVE-TV!

By any yardstick you choose—audience ratings, coverage, costs per thousand, programming, or trustworthy operation—the more you compare, the more you'll prefer WAVE-TV.

WAVE-TV

CHANNEL 3 ● Maximum Power

LOUISVILLE

NBC SPOT SALES, Exclusive National Representatives

sponsor • 23 may 1959



Are agencies unfair to radio?

When station men or network executives complain that advertising agencies are "neglecting" the radio medium you can sometimes take their remarks with a grain of salt.

Within the past two weeks, however, we have talked with leading media and radio to executives at three top-10 agencies who voice exactly the same complaint.

They add, "conditions in the agency business today make it impossible for radio to get the break it deserves."

They point out that most over-all media planning on major national accounts is made through group action, by product groups, plans boards, or marketing committees, and that such groups tend to be composed of departmental representatives who are either tv enthusiasts or vigorous boosters for print.

On the ty-side are the ty-radio departments, some media men, and younger account executives. On the print side are (usually) the creative departments, older account and marketing men, and media men brought up in the print tradition.

By the time such a group settles its differences, most appropriations are largely divided between tv and print. Radio gets less than proper consideration because it often lacks strong vocal representation at the conference table.

A dangerous situation

Such a situation, however understandable, is as serious for advertisers and agencies as it is for the radio business. It means that an enormously powerful, flexible, economical medium is being overlooked because of intramural oversight.

We suggest that every media-conscientious agency should immediately review, and where necessary, revise its organizational procedures to make certain that radio gets proper consideration.

We also suggest that the radio industry must realize, more fully than it has yet done, that under today's conditions the radio gospel must be preached, not merely to media departments and timebuyers, but also to policy-makers.



THIS WE FIGHT FOR: Easier, more efficient methods of planning, buying and executing spot vadia and tv campaigns. There must be a constant search for new, improved ways to straighten ant spot's "paper work jungle."

10-SECOND SPOTS

Halls of lvy: At a large agency not known particularly for the magnificence of its salaries, one promising tyro was invited to the executive dining room. During lunch, one of the elder statesmen benignly asked him how he liked the firm. "Oh." said the young man, "it's a wonderful place—if your parents can afford to send you."—Lucian Chimene. JWT.

Lebensraum: WLW-1. Indianapolis, boasts a new studio large enough to accommodate "a tryannosaurus, a brontosaurus, a diplodocus, an iguanodon, a triceratops—oi any other kind of dinosaur you might have . . ." We've got a perodactyl; can ue fly it?

Overdue: Shep Meade, adman author of How to Succeed in Business Without Really Trying, has written a new one—The Four Window Girl which tips off the distaff side on how to get ahead. Attention, lady time-buyers!

Things I'd like to see on tv A weather girl who'll wear the same dress two nights in a row.

A guest star who wasn't "very happy to be here."

A quiz contestant who'll shout "Hooray" when told his opponent missed a question.

An educational program where I learned something.

A mystery guest who didn't plug anything.

A ty panel that never won an award. A quiz show whose contestants arrived by train.

A guest star who isn't as nice off-the stage as he is on. Len Womack.

Station breaks: Tea & Coffee Trade Journal. in a recent editorial, took exception to the practice of some stations that carry soft drink advertising to promote on the air "soft drink breaks." That old "equal time" problem again.

Identity: From KTTS. Springfield, Mo., comes a newspaper clipping that tells of a local policeman who, having picked up a suspect, described the man in his report as looking "like the ty show character" (Have Gun, Will Travel) Paladin." The face is familiar.



Take TAE and See

hefty, hearty sales-builder in the growing Pittsburgh





BASIC ABC IN PITTSBURGH

REPRESENTED BY THE KATZ AGENCY



RENAISSANCE



Take these ingredients: A maximum power 1V station strategically located thirty line-of-sight miles from Canada's 3rd market. Add strong, clear telecasting from a half mile high tower with top CBS network shows and syndicated half hours. Then add the fact that only one other TV station operates in the Greater Vancouver area and you see how KVOS-TV achieves its unique position; an international station rating first among TV viewers in Vancouver, Victoria and 5 other B.C. communities. This is why Canada's leading advertisers are consistently scheduling KVOS-TV.

Plus 82,000 TV homes in Northwest Washington





VANCOUVER OFFICES

- TOVIN-BYLES LIMITED

OR OF TVINC

ART MOORE and ASSISTATES